Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

Navy and Army Changes—Resumption of Recruiting—The Work of Retrenchment in the Departments—The President and Secretaries Enjoying Relaxation from Business.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, April 28, 1869.

ARMY AND NAVY.

The resignation of Rear-Admiral Jos. Smith, as Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, is accepted, to take effect on the 1st of May next, and he will then assume the duties of President of the permanent Court now in session in the Navy Department.

Capt. Daniel Ammen, by direction of the President, has been appointed Chief of the Bureau of Docks and Yards, to take effect on the 1st of May.

Gen. Sherman has issued an order for the resumption of recruiting, to be conducted under the direction of regimental commanders; the general service to be conducted at New York, Cincinnati, St. Louis and San Francisco; the depots for collection and instruction of recruits being Governor's Island, New York Harbor, Newport Barracks, Kentucky, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, and Benicia, California; General Superintendents to report direct to the Adjutant General of the army, and receive all orders from him. The following details are made, the officers named to relieve the officers now in charge of the superintendencies and depots: Brevet Brigadier General J. V. D. Reeve, at New York city; Brevet Brigadier General T. H. Neil, at the Depot on Governor's Island, New York Harbor; Brevet Brigadier General J. B. Kiddoo, for assignment; Brevet Brigadier General Sidney Burbank, at Cincinnati; Brevet Brigadier General H. W. Wessels, in charge of Depot at Newport Barracks, Kentucky; Brevet Brigadier General T. Trodenburg, for assignment; Brevet Major Genral W. Hoffman, at St. Louis; Brevet Brigadier General W. H. Sidell, in charge of Depot at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; Brevet Lieutenat Colonel T. M. Anderson, for assignment; Brevet Major General Abner Doubleday, at San Francisco; Brevet Colonel M. Malony, at the Depot at Benica, California. Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania, and Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, are named as Depots for the collection and instruction of cavalry and light artillery recruits.

RETRENCHING.

The work of reducing the force in the bureaus of the Treasury Department is progressing. About five hundred clerks will be dismissed, but it is announced no appointments can be made at present to fill the vacancies, it being the desire of the Secretary to have the force reduced as low as possible, in order to properly conduct the business of the Department with the least possible expense. The work of diminishing the force in the Postoffice Department continues. Twenty clerks were removed to-day.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The statement that the House Committee of Foreign Affairs has made arrangements to visit St. Domingo, and other islands of the gulf, is pronounced by the Chairman without any foundation whatever. The Committee has been in session seventeen days, taking testimony relative to the affairs of the American legation at Paraguay, and will meet in the Autumn for the purpose of taking the testimony of members of Brazilian legation, officers of the Atlantic Squadron and others who have been summoned, which it is supposed can be done in ten days.

FORFEITURE OF PRE-EMPTION.

The Secretary of the Interior has decided an actual change of residence, or abandonment of land entered under the Homestead act for more than six months at any one time, works a forfeiture thereof to the government.

GO ON A CRUISE.

President Grant, accompanied by Secretary Borie and others, contemplate a short cruise down the Potomac river tomorrow, in the United States Steamer Tallapoosa, now at the Washington Navy Yard.

REVENUE APPOINTMENTS.

Since the 4th of March, one hundred and nineteen Assessors and one hundred and twenty-two Collectors of Internal Revenue have been appointed.

CUBA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

KEY WEST, April 28.—The government has received notice that an expedition has sailed for Cuba under the escort of a steamer, and war vessels have been dispatched to intercept it. On receipt of later information, the Admiral sailed early Sunday morning on a tug boat.

There is an exciting rumor in circulation that a conflict has taken place between a monitor and Spanish men of war, and one of the latter sunk and another captured.

The insurgents have reappeared in the vicinity of Sagua La Grande and again destroyed the railroad.

Advices from Nuevitas to the 26th are received. General Lesca left there last week on his return to Puerto Principe. On Friday he had reached San Antonio, without firing a shot. Generals Latona and Lesca, with the Catalonia volunteers and mobilized colored troops, marched from Nuevitas on the 23d of February to Puerto Principe. Four thousand men are actively engaged in making temporary repairs on the railroad betweeen Nuevitas and Puerto Principe, in order that provisions may be transported to the latter point before the rainy season sets in. It is reported the insurgents are dissatisfied with Gen. Quesada, because he is always organizing and never fighting.

The insurgents still hold Napoleon Arango prisoner. They have also arrested an American, named Robert Stevens, for condemning the detention of Arango.

A government tug boat has brought into Nuevitas as prize a schooner with a crew of five men on board, but no cargo.

Dates from Santiago to 22d state the American brig Germania was wrecked off Inaugua. The cargo, consisting of munitions of war, was nearly all lost.

NEWS BY CABLE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CORK, April 28.—A dinner was given here last night in honor of Warren and Costello, the released Fenians, on the occasion of their departure for America. The Mayor was present and made an inflammatory speech, warmly eulogizing the guests of the evening. He was followed in a similar strain by others. The building in which the banquet took place was surrounded by a large crowd of friends and sympathizers, who during the evening formed a procession and paraded the streets with bands and torches. The proceedings were marked by much enthusiasm and excitement, and some disorder.

SPAIN.

MADRID, April 28.—In the Cortes yesterday one of the Republican members made a speech, in which he advocated atheistical principles, and alluded to Christian religion in terms of disrespect. He was interrupted by Rivero, President of the Cortes, who declared the Deputy could not be permitted to continue his remarks. The Republicans, indignant at the decision of the President, withdrew from the chamber. They subsequently returned to their seats and proposed a vote of censure against the President. A stormy debate followed and terminated in the withdrawal of the resolution. An amendment to the Constitution, in favor of maintaining the present unity of the Catholic religion and worship in Spain, was rejected.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, April 28.—At the sitting of the Prussian Diet to-day, Count Bismarck, in reply to an inquiry, said the convention made with the United States for the protection of emigrants on shipboard had so far failed of any practical results, owing to obstacles in the way of establishing an international tribunal for the adjudication of cases of complaint arising under the treaty.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LISBON, April 28.—The mail steamer from Rio Janeiro has arrived. The allied forces in Paraguay were making preparations for a final attack upon President Lopez, and expected to be ready to attack the interior before the end of April.

CHICAGO.

Convention of Boards of Trade—Reduction of Tolls on Grain.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, April 28.—A Commercial Convention composed of delegates from the Boards of Trade of Milwaukee, Oswego, Chicago, Buffalo, Detroit and Toledo, and the New York Grain Exchange, met here yesterday morning, the President of the Chicago Board of Trade presiding. Hon. Mr. Bennett, of Buffalo, spoke in reference to the granting of National aid to the Erie canal, and removing it from State politics. The question of the possibility of procuring a reduction of the canal tolls on grain was discussed, and the appointment of a Committee to go to Albany was strongly urged. Several New York members declared that no heavy reduction could be secured, so long as the great New York roads were so powerful. Others claimed that rates must be reduced, not only on the canal, but at Buffalo, Chicago and Milwaukee on the Northwestern road, and that it would take very close figuring to cut the rates down so as to compare favorably with those by the new route via New Orleans. The necessity of lower rates was admitted, but there was no decision as to how to lower them.

At th night session resolutions were passed for the appointment of Commissioners to visit Albany and the Managers of the Northwestern Road at New York, and another to consult with the elevator and insurance men, to see what could be done to lower their rates.

A resolution was also passed recommending that the Boards of Trade represented consider the most feasible means of securing water communication from the lakes to the ocean for vessels of the largest size, and to report the same at the next meeting of the National Board of Trade.

SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

National Convention at Newark, N. J.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEWARK, N. J., April 28.—The Third session of the National Sunday School Convention met in the First Baptist Church this morning. A large number of delegates from Sunday School organizations throughout the Union were present. The Convention was called to order by Edward Eggleston, of Chicago, and Amos Shikle, of Kentucky was made temporary chairman, and Rev. H. Clay Trumbull, of Connecticut, Secretary. An address of welcome was delivered by Gen. Runyon, of Newark. Committees were appointed, and the Convention finally organized with Mr. George H. Stuart, of Philadelphia as permanent President, and a Vice President from each State. Rev. H. C. Trumbull, J. H. Vincent, of New York, and B. F. Jacobs, of Chicago, Secretaries.

On motion of E. D. Jones, of St. Louis, the greetings of the Convention were extended to the Convention of Sunday School workers in London.

The afternoon proceedings opened with singing by children from the Home for Little Wanderers at Philadelphia.

A delegation from the British Provinces was introduced by the Chairman in a speech of welcome, to which Rev. F. H. Marling and Alex. Sutherland, of Toronto, responded.

Rev. Mr. Henry, of the Irish Baptist Union, stated the progress of evangelization there.

The afternoon was occupied in hearing reports from Societies.

Evening Session—The church was crowded. The subject of the relation of Sunday School work to home instruction was discussed with animation by Rev. C. Trumbull, of Connecticut, H. T. Miller, of Cincinnati, A. Sutherland, of Canada, and C. M. Martin, of Chicago.

A resolution was adopted to hold open air meetings to-morrow.

To-morrow morning Rev. Henry Ward Beecher will speak on the mission work of Sunday Schools, and in the afternoon the Convention will divide into six sections to discuss special subjects.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

NEWSPAPER EXPOSE.

The Philadelphia Post Denounces It as an Infamous Lie—Statement by J. Russell Young.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—In a two column editorial, under the caption of "The *Post* and its Enemies," the editor, John D. Stockton, this morning denounces the whole expose published in the New York *Sun*, as an infamous lie, and a deliberate conspiracy to injure the *Post*, and J. R. Young. If Young had not already sued the *Sun* for libel, he (Stockton,) would. The history of the *Post* from the beginning is given. Charles McClintock, former manager, was elevated to that position by Mr. Young, whose confidence he afterwards betrayed. He borrowed money from the *Post*, and then by dexterity left with debts unpaid. The *Post*, after offering extraordinary sums for admittance into the Associated Press monopoly, and repeatedly denied the privilege, resolved to have news. Amos I. Cummings, then night editor of the *Tribune*, was employed to furnish the Associated Press news. This was unknown to Mr. Young, who, on discovering it, discontinued the arrangement. Cummings was afterwards dismissed from the *Tribune* by Mr Young, and subsequently became night editor of the *Sun*, in which capacity he offered to furnish the *Post* with Associate Press news. The offer was declined, and hence his revenge. The *Post* had borrowed money, but gave collateral. Some has been repaid. Never used a dollar as subsidy or a gift. No bargains were ever made with Senator Cameron, Galusha A. Grow, Mr. Brewster or any one else. The *Post* is independent of these gentlemen, or Mr. Young. They were creditors but not masters. He (Stockton) is alone responsible for every opinion put forth. The article says: "J. R. Sypher, another of the conspirators, was educated by Simon Cameron, whom he now repays by abuse and ingratitude. Charles A. Dana was told that the scandal would be worth twenty thousand dollars to the *Sun*. He accordingly sold his reputation as a gentleman and a journalist." The article closes with the express determination to pursue an independent and fearless course.

LETTER FROM MR. YOUNG.

The *Evening Post* publishes the following letter from Mr. J. Russell Young:

To the Editor of the Evening Post: I thank you for the spirit of your comments on the recent publications in the *Sun*. If the latter alternative proves true, the whole press will receive from this case a shock to its influence, a stain upon its character, the effects of which may counterbalance many years of the upright and honorable labor of others in the service of the public. It will certainly now be more necessary than ever for all members of the press, who wish to save it from disgrace, to join, not in merely denouncing the imposter now exposed, but in keeping the rest of the profession entirely above all kindred suspicions. I am content to accept the judgment on what I have written. I take the fullest responsibility, and do not write this in any way to escape from it. Mr. Stockton says: "With an arrangement made with an editor of the *Tribune*, (whose name is given,) for news, Mr. Young had nothing to do. He may have suspected it; he was never informed of it by me. It was by Mr. Young's direct influence that this matter was stopped." I remember writing many of those letters. I do not remember writing others. I have not seen them. The person to whom they were written had been my school-mate and friend. The friendship was broken by his misconduct in a business interest in which he had been placed by my influence. When he left it I was menaced by this publication. I was told a small sum of money could suppress it. My reply was that I had written many things which I did not care to see printed. My bank book, to my wife, my diary, my correspondence generally, could not be made public without annoyance. I had written nothing which could make me lose the respect of any one who knows me. Of course I am sensible of the error of ever having had this correspondent. For that mistake I cannot make sufficient explanation. For twenty five years I had looked upon him as a friend, when I should have known that he was merely a dog. I gave him confidence, personal association, generous bounty and charity, when to him charity was precious. I should merely have tossed him the crumbs and bones from my table. That was my blunder. There are men who hold in our social economy the same relation which vermin hold in nature. I regret the same distinction has finally crept into the press. When any scoundrel has private letters to sell, he may find a market in a New York newspaper. He will not only have them printed but so dexterously arranged, and clipped, and illuminated, and commented on, that matters which were not in his mind, and circumstances which never existed, will be made to appear as his life, and speech, and thought. The simplest transaction in business will be spoken of as crimes, and courtesies, amenities of life, will be held as glossing conspiracy and intrigue. If there are phrases which have no meaning, a meaning can be invented, and with an editor ingenious and fertile with his pen, there is no limit to this invention. I do believe in suits for libel, as a general thing, but I have given the editor of this print an opportunity to explain and defend this transaction with private correspondence before a jury of his countrymen. Having done this, I have only to say there is nothing in these letters which I cannot explain, whenever an explanation is proper. It is not proper here and now. This publication is part of a resolute, determined effort to drive me from the *Tribune* and the press of this city. It is only the culmination of a conspiracy which has long been engendered. I am satisfied it has taken this shape. It has brought to me unexpected and precious evidences of friendship, and from no men more warmly, I am proud to say, than the generous and noble gentlemen with whom I am associated in business. I am respectfully, your obedient servant,

JNO. RUSSELL YOUNG.

The *Express* publishes a special dispatch from Philadelphia, saying Attorney General Brewster publishes a card denying that he was ever fleeced by Young or the *Morning Post*.

The Philadelphia *Post*, to-day, in a lengthy article, signed J. D. Stockton, Editor, says: Certain sums of money were forwarded from gentlemen who took an interest in the *Post*, some of which has been repaid, while for all notes were given and endorsed, and legal interest paid; but not one dollar has ever been received by that paper as a subsidy or gift. No bargain was ever made with Cameron, or Grow, or Brewster, or any other man; that neither Cameron, nor his son, ever attempted to dictate the policy of the paper, or asked him (Stockton) to advocate a measure or oppose one.

NEW YORK CITY.

Defaulting Clerk Arrested — Pigeon Shooting Match Off—The Elevator Defalcation—Railroad Arrangements—Legislative Hotel Bill.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 28, 1869.

Wm. Livingston, formerly delivery clerk at the retail store of A. T. Stewart & Co., who last August absconded, a defaulter for $4,500, was arrested on Tuesday and arraigned to-day at the Jefferson Market Police Court. Livingston implicates Peter S. Curtis, a bookkeeper, as an accomplice, and offers to turn State's evidence to save himself. Both were committed for examination.

The great pigeon shooting match, which was to have taken place at Dubois track, on Eighth avenue and One Hundred and Forty-Ninth street, this afternoon, for two thousand dollars, between John Taylor, of Jersey City, and John Tucker, of Providence, R. I., was prevented by Henry Bergh, the President of the Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals.

Messrs. Jno. A. Pool & Co., reported in the dispatches as losing considerable money by the defalcation of Peck, the elevator man, state that they did not lose a dollar thereby.

Among the items of the Supply Bill now before the Legislature is a bill for the entertainment at the Metropolitan Hotel of the Committee on Privileges and Elections of the Assembly, amounting to $4,639.32. About half the sum was charged for the use of two parlors from January 29th to April 6th, about forty dollars a day. The balance was chiefly for brandy, whisky and cigars, carriages, and theatre and opera tickets.

S. S. LeHommedieu, President, D. McLaren, Superintendent, and Stanley Matthews, Solicitor of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad Company, have been in the city for several days past and to day concluded and signed a contract with the Erie Company for a resumption of business on a satisfactory basis. The Erie Company secures the exclusive use of the broad gauge track of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Company for a fixed annual sum for its fixed business, the latter Company running all trains, for an additional compensation. The contract is for ten years. A contract has also been concluded and signed here to-day between the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad Company and the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland Company for a mutual exchange of business on satisfactory terms.

RICHMOND, VA.

Conservative State Convention—No Nominations Made.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, April 28.—The Conservative State Convention met to-day. Two hundred delegates, representing fifty counties, were present. R. T. Daniel was chosen President. The Conservative candidates nominated in 1867 have all sent in their resignations. It is understood no nominations will be made and the Conservative party will cast its vote in the election for Walker, the Conservative Republican candidate.

After recess a majority report, signed by nine of the Committee on Business, was read, of which the following is an abstract:

First. Accepting the resignation of the Conservative candidates and complimenting them for the zeal they displayed in the cause. Second. Urging the Conservative voters to consolidate to defeat the obnoxious provisions of the Constitution and to elect proper persons to the State Legislature. While expressing hostility to the objectionable features of the Constitution, this Convention still declines to make any recommendation to voters regarding their suffrage on the Constitution expurgated of such objectionable features, feeling that the voters will act for the best interest of the State.

The report is signed by Baldwin, Edmonds, Ould, Fayette McMullin, Cameron, Morley, and others. Mr. Ould made a speech in its favor, explaining that it was a compromise of different opinions, and left the conservative voters free to vote for or against negro suffrage, against the Constitution as a whole, or for it as expurgated. It was a course of action to get at the necessities and circumstances of the times.

A minority report, signed by three of the Committee, was read. It advocated the control of the State by the white race, affirms the principles announced by the last Conservative Convention, asserts that this Convention has no right to abandon the same, and ought to follow the leadership of the candidates thereby nominated. It expresses a doubt, even if an expurgated Constitution was adopted, a Conservative Republican electhat Congress would not still imposed, and other conditional terms on the people of this State. The law which requires Virginia to adopt the Fifteenth Amendment before coming into the Union is affirmed to be unconstitutional. They prefer the military rule of white men to irresponsible government by negroes, and call on the white people of the State to vote down the Constitution.

Mr. Good supported the minority report in a speech chiefly directed against the abominations of the Constitution.

A motion to lay both reports on the table was defeated and the Convention adjourned until to-morrow.

At the morning session a resolution was adopted to admit only representatives of the Conservative press of the State.

THE BUTLER HOMICIDE.

Tuesday Morning.

Court opened at 8½ o'clock.

Mrs. McCandless took her seat. Miss Mary's seat blocked the passage between her mother and the jury so that witnesses could not pass back and forth to the stand, and the young lady is not in it this morning.

EVIDENCE FOR DEFENCE.

Mr. Thompson offered a diagram of Mr. Graham's house. It was submitted to the jury. He went over and called attention to each article in the carpet-sack.

Squire Shannon produced and identified the wadding taken from prisoner's gun on Monday morning after the murder.

Capt. Ziegler, sworn—Is shown a fragment of paper; says it is printed in nonpariel; is a printer; professes to be acquainted with type. The paper given in by Squire S. is in bourgeois. [Every scrap of paper found in prisoner's sack is examined by witness and all found to be in different types from the wad found by Conrad Double.] Witness examined the wadding taken from the gun by Squire Shannon and thinks it is from a New York paper. [Examined the bloody wad.] It appears to be a scrap of the *Pittsburgh Dispatch*; he finds none of the other scraps printed with the same kind of type.

Cross-examined—Finds a difference in the type between that on the wad and that used in the *Dispatch* of February 2, 1861: the parallel lines are the same, and the three I's; but this is no rule, for these things are generally the same in all offices; the scrap is lean faced, and the paper fat faced; when the form is made up and goes to press, every copy of that issue is in the same type.

Samuel Hughes, sworn.—Is a printer; has been for ten years; is foreman in the office of the *American Citizen*, and has been for seven years; understands type. [Examines the bloody wad.] It is nonpareil type; there is a lean and fat faced nonpareil; the wad is lean faced. [Examines all the other scraps.] Gives the same account of scraps which has already been given by Capt. Zeigler. [Examines the wad taken out of the gun by Squire Shannon.] It is nonpareil and bourgoise. [Compares this with the largest scrap found in prisoner's sack.] Thinks the type the same in both. The paper is the same; the style of printing is New York style; the manner of setting the advertisements as well as advertisements indicate that these are scraps of the New York *Tribune*.

Cross-examination elicits nothing.

Frank Eastman, sworn—Is Clerk of the Court of Butler county; has been since September, 1868; has had charge of the papers in this case; has still charge of them; the finding of the inquest came into his possession before the bill of indictment. [Identified a paper as the return of the inquest, put into his custody by the prosecuting attorney.] Is asked to state the number of depositions it contained, and names of witnesses. Commonwealth objects. Proposition submitted in writing.

Court ruled that the paper must be identified by the Squire who took the depositions.

Squire Shannon re-called—Was one of the magistrates who held the inquest.

Commonwealth object, and Squire Shannon retired.

Samuel Riddle called—Was one of the Justices. Wrote down the depositions. [Enumerates them.] Cannot recollect whether he wrote Wm. English's; knows his own hand-writing. [Is shown the paper.] Recognizes Wm. English's deposition; thinks he wrote Wm. English's name for him. This is the mark: expects he made his mark. Witness returned this paper to the Clerk of the Court. He recognized Dan. Graham's deposition.

Interrogated by the Court—Was a Justice of the Peace; had been sent for to assist Squire Shannon; did the writing and administered the oaths. The heading of this paper he did not write; all other portions of the paper are in his writing, except the signatures. Was a Justice of the Peace in that township. Returned all these depositions as parts of the finding of the inquest. Was no Coroner in the county at that time that witness knew of. Squire Shannon is a Justice of the Peace. Lives two and a half miles from Mr. McCandless'.

Cross-examined—Squire Shannon examined the witnesses and this witness administered the oaths to them all. The oath administered to Wm. English was the same as administered to other witnesses. Was sworn to tell the truth between the Commonwealth and Taylor Hackenberry. The inquest had closed its findings, signed and issued a warrant, before Wm. English was summoned. His examination was no part of the proceedings of the inquest. Can not remember if Wm. English was cross-examined. Witness wrote down all that the witnesses said; made them stop and waited on them; stopped and waited until he understood them, and got it right; his recollection is bad and will not say now that he wrote down one-half of *all* they said; does not think he could remember all they said, not even after refreshing his memory by looking over the written testimony.

Direct resumed—Wrote down the depositions as given in by the witnesses, and believes he took them correctly; read them over to witnesses before they signed them; thinks witnesses understood what he read to them; took down what they said correctly; felt it his duty to be particular; waited on witnesses until they felt that they had said what was right. The depositions were free and voluntary; no one made suggestions to witnesses; as far as it concerned the thing itself he wrote down all that they said.

Cross-examined—Thinks William English said nothing in his examination which did not relate to the matter in hand. Thinks he wrote down everything the witnesses said, after they were sworn. His memory has failed in the last few years, and he gets puzzled. It always has been his belief that he wrote down all the testimony. He recollects the letter.

In direct—Recollects what Mary McCandless said about the letter on the inquest.

Commonwealth will not permit witness to repeat what she did say.

Interrogated by Court—He and Squire Shannon examined these witnesses to see if they should commit the prisoner for trial. It was in their official capacity. Witness issued the warrant; thinks it was not signed by Squire Shannon. Wm. English was sworn in the ordinary form.

Mr. Thompson read his proposition to offer the deposition of Wm. English in evidence, on the ground that he is out of the jurisdiction of the Court, and cannot be found.

Here followed an argument as to whether Wm. English's testimony was taken upon the inquest. The proposition was changed, and the deposition stated to have been taken before the examining magistrates.

Commonwealt hobjects, on the ground of illegality of the whole proceeding, and because Wm. English is living and should have been produced.

Court suggests that prisoner's counsel prove that Wm. English is beyond its jurisdiction.

James English, sworn—Is acquainted with Wm. English, who is his brother's son; William is between thirteen and fourteen years old, or perhaps a little more. Was living with his father, John English, last fall, in this county. John English and his family left this State; removed from the State last November; went intending to to remain away permanently; went first to Douglass county, Kansas; removed from there to Newton county, Missouri; was there at the last accounts. None of the family have been in Pennsylvania since. Wm. did not go with the family.—went before them; started in the night; the father and other children left ten days after, his mother went with him. They are all together now. John intended moving about the 25th or 26th of October, but waited until after the November term of Court. He intended appearing before Court. He postponed his removal, to allow himself time to attend Court here; they had been subpœnaed to attend this trial. William and his mother started in the night, because they had heard there was a process in the Sheriff's hands to detain them. They started at night to avoid the process in the Sheriff's hands. This was the only reason they left before the rest of the family.

Cross-examined—It is some time since witness has had a letter from his brother. It is six weeks. William has not been particularly mentioned. Thinks, from this, that he is with his parents. Calculates William is with them, because he has not been especially mentioned. If he (William) was not at home his father would mention it. One of the girls wrote after they had got to Kansas that mother and William had joined them.

D. Graham, re-called—Is the grandfather of William English. Does not know where he is. When last heard from he was in Kansas. Believes it was in Douglass county. Understood the family left there and went to Newton county, Missouri. Had a letter from his daughter, William's mother, who said they had arrived in Missouri. [Witness gives the names of the family.] Has no knowledge of any of the family being back in Pennsylvania since they left. Last time he saw William English he was in his father's house in this county.

Plaintiff's counsel offers the process, return of sheriff, the affidavit of defendant, and order of the Court by which they had sought to detain these witnesses, and renews the proposal to offer Wm. English's deposition as evidence.

C. McCandless opened the argument. Claimed that as there was no Coroner in the county, the Justices were *ex-officio* Coroner, and represented the Commonwealth. He read authorities to prove that depositions taken before him are competent evidence. He recalled the motion, before the opening of the case, for its continuance on the ground of the absence of this Wm. English and his mother, in the hope of being able to procure their attendance.

Court cautioned counsel not to say anything about the contents of the deposition sought to be introduced.

Mr. McJunkin replied, and argued that this deposition was not taken before the Coroner, or any one who legally represented the Coroner; that the duties of the Justices, as Coroner, had ceased before this examination. He called the deposition "a paper without form, without legality, without regularity." The Commonwealth had no hand in getting it up, &c., &c. He argued that the admission of such loose papers would be abundantly productive of most fearful results.

Mr. Thompson followed, and admitted that this was out of the usual course, but insisted that fearful results might be prevented by the reception of the testimony. He urged the equity of its reception, and appealed to the discretion of the Court to strain the rules of law, if necessary, in favor of truth, justice and mercy. He offered the testimony as that taken before the magistrate in a preliminary examination, to determine whether the prisoner should be committed for trial, and argued that, as examining magistrates, Squires Riddle and Shannon represented the Commonwealth. He read from Russel on Crime, 2d Vol. Page 88, showing that the Commonwealth could bring such testimony, and claimed that justice demands that the prisoner should have equal liberty, that he should have as much facility in proving his innocence as his accusers have for proving his guilt.

Mr. Thompson's argument was particularly able and conclusive, when backed by the authorities he read. He argued that when the equity is so evident, the Court should give the prisoner the benefit of all legal doubts, as well as doubts of fact. He dwelt upon the efforts the defense had made to detain these witnesses, and the evidence of their escape, and called upon the Court to wipe out *now* a relic of barbarism which gives to the Commonwealth more freedom in introducing testimony than that allowed to the prisoner. He reminded the Court of the time when a person charged with a murder was not allowed counsel and was pronounced guilty until he proved himself innocent.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Court opened at two o'clock. Mrs. McCandless not in her seat. Prisoner looks hopeful, and smiles at remarks of counsel.

Mr. McJunkin began his argument against the reception of Wm. English's deposition. Two minutes after Mrs. McCandless came forward and took her seat. Mr. McJunkin argued that Squire Riddle was acting on his own private account, and not as a magistrate. He cited authorities and took the Court back to the old British law, and the dark ages. He argued that it would be an absurdity to admit this deposition, and that the Court "*will not*, and *dare* not, admit it."

Mr. Thompson followed, closely contesting the point and reading further authority. He argued that such testimony could be admitted in civil cases, where a dollar or the price of a horse or ox was at stake, and ought to be where a man's life is involved.

Judge McGuffin addressed counsel at

(Continued on Eighth P g .)

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

EPHEMERIS.

—Iowa is suffering from too many wild pigeons.

—John Morrissey doesn't swear. This is kind of John.

—The fruit crops in Mississippi have been injured by frost.

—Black bass and perch are plenty in Presque Isle Bay at Erie.

—John S. Newberry has been appointed State Geologist for Ohio.

—Brigham has eighteen Mormon Sunday schools in Salt Lake City.

—Doolittle, once a Senator, has now opened a law office in Chicago.

—Cornell University is trying to secure the services of John Stuart Mill.

—7,000 hymns is the enormous amount of Charles Wesley's literary work.

—As late as the 21st inst., the sleighing in New Hampshire was still good.

—The number of Northerners traveling in the South continues to increase.

—An exchange thinks the uniform of the letter carriers' should be a coat of mail.

—A large Swedish settlement is being formed in the neighborhood of Kansas City.

—No delicacy for Grant—the office-seeker's jam at Washington.—*New York Leader.*

—A St. Louis Insurance Company has appointed Miss Adelaide Grennan, M. D., as examining surgeon.

—Lord Macauly was the person once complimented by Sidney Smith for his "occasional flashes of silence."

—Eighty-nine years had silvered the hair of of an old lady in Fort Wayne who drowned herself on the 21st inst.

—New York State has very properly prohibited the disfiguring of rocks and other scenery by painted advertisements.

—The New York *Sun*, unlike the luminary which shines for all, seems not to be particularly effulgent for Mr. Young.

—The first boat of the season on the Beaver and Erie Canal arrived at the latter place on Monday, laden with coal from Sharon.

—Mr. Clay, the colored citizen of New Orleans who declined the mission to Liberia, has an income of thirty thousand dollars a year.

—An old lady who has just died in Boston, bequeathed her property to a friend, conditioned upon the maintenance of a surviving cat.

—The *Observatore Romane* says the Pope is now engaged in negotiating with President Grant with a view to sending a Nuncio to Washington.

—As Grant won't say much about things a great many things are said about him, about half of which are incorrect and the rest are not true.

—A very neat private house in a good locality in Paris can be had for $8,000 a year in gold. A very elegant mansion costs $21,000 per annum.

—Worcester, Mass., is a presumptious place, besides having the inter-collegiate boat races she assumes to have the oldest man living, whereas he is only 107 years old.

—Neponset, Mass., has a house which is believed to be the oldest in the United States, excepting the old tower at Newport. It is two hundred and twenty-nine years old.

—Monsters of the deep are flocking to San Francisco. The other day a whale was stranded in the bay, and now a terrible horned fish, with a shell like a turtle, has been caught by a fisherman.

—Besides the usual elevations in the Tri-mountain city, a large number of Peaks have recently appeared; to add to the singularity of this geological phenomenon, all these Peaks are bell ringers.

—Among the incidents of the late storm in St. Louis, was the return of a sportsman with five dozen snipe which he had found killed by the hail. A pigeon was brought down in the city by a hailstone.

—The Democratic members of the St Louis City Council, being in the majority, will not confirm the Republican Mayor's nominations unless he makes half of them from the Democratic party.

—The interesting question now being discussed by an Israelite paper in Cincinnati, is "Was Job a Jew?" This we decline answering, but we know he was no physician, as he was nothing if not patient.

—It is said that 700,000 persons are employed in Europe in getting coal out the bowels of the earth. Of these 300,000 are in Great Britain, 120,000 in Belgium and France, 80,000 in Prussia, and the rest scattered over the other countries.

—Anna Dickenson succeeded in getting one woman in Des Moines to start to work as a tinner, that trade was probably chosen because so much spouting can be done in it, and even the most anonymous of Miss Anna's friends can scarcely deny that she is a great spouter.

—The spinsters in Philadelphia have been in a high state of excitement recently, they are a charitable class, and thinking it a pity there should be so many odd-fellows in town, determined that it should not be their fault if they went away as they came, unmated.

—There must certainly be more than one woman in a ward—even in Mobile—to say nothing of the men, and yet we read that Col. Wm. D. Mann, proprietor of the Mobile *Daily Register*, married his ward last Friday. Perhaps Alabama sanctions wholesale polygamy in its editors.

—The Philadelphia *North American* says of the great Odd Fellows' celebration; We never knew anything to be a more signal success than this grand fete of this grand order, and we heartily congratulate all who were concerned in it upon the happy consummation of the laudable enterprise in which they were engaged.

—At a recent convention of workingwomen in Boston, it was stated that the majority of the girls employed to operate on heavy sewing machines in shops, "last" only from one and a half to two years, although a few stand the labor a little longer time. "Their backs give out, their spines give way. It is that ugly motion of the foot that spoils the spine."

Letter from Grace Greenwood.

[From the Philadelphia Star.]

EDITOR OF THE STAR—Sir: I find in your issue of yesterday the following paragraph:

"Dr. Lippincott (the husband of Grace Greenwood) a fourth class clerk in the Postoffice Department, was an applicant for the position of General Superintendent in the Postoffice Department, but failed to get the appointment."

During the visit of Mr. Macready to this country, as he was travelling on a western steamboat, he was pointed out by a waggish clerk, to a rough backwoodsman, as Ole Bull, who was then giving concerts in the west. The great tragedian sat apart, on the deck, wrapped in poetic contemplation and insular dignity, but the tall Missourian strode immediately up to him, and with a startling slap on the shoulder, thus addressed him: "Hello, ole hoss! Old Bull! whar's your fiddle?" The stately actor turned upon him, and, with a "withering look," and in the most tragic tone, replied: "Sir, I am not a horse, neither am I a bull, neither have I a fiddle." In like manner I have to reply that Mr. Lippincott, of Philadelphia, "the husband of Grace Greenwood," is not a doctor; neither is he a "fourth class clerk in the Postoffice Department;" neither has he been "an applicant for the position of General Superintendent of the Postoffice Department;" neither has he failed to get the appointment. As for the excellent Dr. Lippincott, is it not enough that he should miss the office to which he aspired, that you must divorce him from his lawful wife, a most estimable lady, and bestow him upon a stranger? As for us, belonging to another branch of the Lippincott tree, we have applied for no office at Washington, though we have, I will confess, held ourselves open to the proffer of a first-class foreign mission. With slight solicitation we would consent to be "a looker-on in Vienna," though, perhaps, Madrid would be a better point, as our worldly possessions principally consist of certain dilapidated "Castles in Spain." That we missed of Paris was not, we feel assured, because our honored President loved Philadelphia less, but Galena more. A Curtin has fallen upon our hopes of St. Petersburg, and if we mourn, it will not be in Russian Sables. As for the Court of St. James, it seems "your Motley is the only wear." I think I have some reason to complain of you editors for apparently classing me among the "bigamistic writers of the day," in assigning to me so many amiable consorts. If you would only vary the name occasionally there would be some relief in the variety; but *toujours* Lippincott. The same disclaimer I now put forth for the benefit of Dr. Lippincott must apply to Mr. J. B. Lippincott, the great publisher, and to Gen. Lippincott, late Doorkeeper of the Senate. They are "all honorable men," doubtless, but they are not my husbands; and I hereby warn all persons against trusting me on their account.

GRACE GREENWOOD.

Washington, April 21, 1869.

A Mysterious Revelation—Traces of an Old Crime—A Boston Tragedy Unraveled.

The Boston *Traveller* contains the following:

Some of the evidence before the Committee on the Metropolitan Police of the Legislature, relates to the murder of the Joice children in the Bussy Woods, at West Roxbury, on the 12th of June, 1865. It will be remembered that the girl, Isabella N. Joice, was outraged and murdered, and her brother, John S., of twelve, killed under circumstances indicating that he was attempting to run from the scene of the tragedy. The bodies were found the next day about ten o'clock. Large rewards were offered for the detection of the murderer, and one or more arrests were made, but no evidence bearing on the real murderer has ever been made public, and the parties arrested on suspicion were released. But while the matter has been involved in mystery, there has been evidence in possession of certain parties which seemed to point out the real murderer. For some reason the train of evidence has not been followed up.

A well-known merchant of this city has testified before the Police Committee to facts substantially as follows:

On Monday afternoon succeeding the murder, which was on the afternoon of Saturday, he was in the vicinity of Bussy Woods, and having heard of the murder, took a stroll through the woods in company with a friend. Between two and three o'clock he got near the scene of the murder, and saw some of the traces of the struggle. While there he saw Detectives Jones, and Heath, Officer McDonald, of Jamaica Plain, and Mr. Motley, a resident of the neighborhood. After these men went away, this merchant found on the ground, near the scene of the murder, four letters, which he picked up and now has in his possession. One or more of these letters bore stains of blood, and on examining them they proved to be a portion of a correspondence between two men and two women, whose names are known but which are withheld. Enclosed in the letters were colored pictures and their contents showed the bad character of the writer and the parties to whom they were addressed.

Upon making this discovery the merchant returned to Boston, and called upon the Chief of Police and showed him the letters. As soon as he saw the handwriting the Chief said he recognized it, and knew who the writers were. The Chief said that he would attend to the case immediately; but the parties, who are known to the merchant, have never been arrested. In the Boston *Herald* of June 21st, nine days after the murder, the following paragraph appeared in reference to these letters:

"It was shown beyond a doubt that these letters had accidentally dropped from the pocket of a coat of a gentleman who was wandering through the grove, while it was thrown over his arm, and the party could not have known of the murder until after the finding of the bodies was announced in the newspapers."

This paragraph is believed to have come from the Chief of Police. Why the parties were not arrested is not known to us, but we suppose the Chief can readily explain.

Washington Items.

Ex-Congressman Blow will accept the mission to Brazil. He will be appointed this week.

No importance whatever is attached to the late cable telegrams containing accounts of the supposed secret conferences between the English and French governments. The Administration has reason to believe that the subject of these conferences was not Cuba at all, but something of an entirely different character. In his recent course upon the Cuban question Secretary Fish has been fully sustained by the English and French Ministers in this city. Messrs. Thornton and Berthemy have been privy to all the steps taken by Mr. Fish, and have expressed their full and complete approbation.

No dispatches have been received by the English minister from his Government since the rejection of the Alabama treaty by the Senate. Considerable interest is felt in diplomatic circles here respecting this matter, and much speculation indulged in as to how the English Ministry will regard this action, little confidence being placed in the comments of the English press. A gentleman who occupies a very high position, and who has opportunities of knowing the views of Minister Thornton, says that any further negotiations on this important subject will have to be opened by the United States. The proposition that England shall surrender her Canadian provinces to the United States as satisfaction for the Alabama claims, is regarded as too absurd for serious consideration.

It has come to the knowledge of the Government that unless material aid is rendered to the Cuban insurgents, they will be compelled to succumb to the power of the Spanish authorities within sixty days at the outside. This fact is acknowledged by the warmest friends of the insurgents, and it is known to the British, French and Spanish Ministers here. No action will be taken by our Government at present that will strengthen the insurgents in the slightest degree.

It is stated that Colonel Parker, the new Commissioner of Indian Afiairs, will thoroughly reconstruct that Bureau, and dismiss a large number of clerks who have been employed there for some years.

Several important nominations are expected within two or three days, including three foreign missions and the Third Assistant Postmaster Generalship.

The Cuban flurry has blown over. There is not the slightest danger of any difficulty with Spain about it. The Spanish Minister asks that we shall prevent illegal expeditions, and shows a disposition to concede all our demands if the government will stand by the law; and he admits that no fault can be found with the administration. The government will not attempt to prevent individuals from joining the Cuban revolutionists, but if they get into trouble it will not undertake to defend them.

Woman's Property Rights in England.

The "married woman's property bill," which has been briefly announced by the cable as before the British Parliament, takes such a long step in advance from the old and unjust English laws of property and contract, that it must make the average John Bull stare with surprise. It provides, briefly, that a married woman shall be as capable of holding and dealing with real and personal estate, of suing and being sued, as if she were a single woman. Every woman who marries after the passing of the act, may hold all property, whether real or personal, possessed or acquired before or after marriage, free from the control of her husband, and her earnings in any separate trade or occupation will be regarded as her personal property, On the other hand, husbands are not to be liable for the debts of their wives, either before or after marriage, nor liable in damages for any wrong committed by them. Upon the death of a wife intestate, the husband will take only the same share in her personal estate as a wife now takes in the personal estate of an intestate husband. The bill is designed to go into effect the first of next year.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Pall Mall Gazette* at Rome, saw, or heard, the Pope's blessing "*urbi et orbi*," in Holy Week, and tells of it thus: "There are the Pope's fans," says my companion; "he is coming to bless the people outside. Listen!" And then in the dead silence which suddenly seems to overpower all the countless sounds and glitterings and echoings everywhere about, we stand listening as a clear voice not far away repeats some few words, to which comes a thundering amen from the priests. Again the voice speaks. Again the same amen fires off, and then a quavering old man's voice utters something—a blessing—upon the patient crowd waiting down below. It is with an odd feeling of touched bewilderment that one stands silent, listening to the faded voice blessing the kneeling multitude. As it ceases, the gun begins to fire and the bells to ring.

THE Wellburg *Herald* says: The damage to the coal trade by one or two piers of the Steubenville bridge, it is said, amounts now to as much as the cost of the bridge. When the river becomes lined with them between Pittsburgh and the mouth of the Sandy, Senator Boreman's declaration in his place, that the coal fields of the Kanawha will supply the entire Southern market, may come true. Our coal and the coal of North West Virginia. will lie and rot in the hills.

The principle should be authoritively and for all time established that the navigation of the Ohio river must be free to all who want to use it, and no more liable to be obstructed by a railroad corporation than by a private individual.

MONTREAL is suffering great distress from the effects of the great flood in the St. Lawrence river. The police are engaged in distributing bread from boats, which are paddled through the streets covered by water to the depth of two, four, and in some places, six feet. As the relief parties passed along the streets, the windows of the houses were filled with women and children, clamorous for bread. The most destitute lived in the lanes and back yards. Families were found lying together on the floor, covered with bed clothes, and thus, by additional warmth, endeavoring to resist the pangs of hunger.

GAS FIXTURES.

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avennes.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING
FRUIT CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.
NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
FINE SILK PARASOLS,
Fringed and Puffed.
Also, all the beautiful styles trimmed with Satin.
COTTON HOSIERY
TO SUIT ALL.
LACE COLLARS,
LACE HANDKERCHIFS,
LACE CHEMISEITES.
FRENCH CORSETS, BEST MAKES.
HOOP SKIRTS,
In all the newest styles.
In our
GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT
OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE.
NEW TIES AND BOWS,
Jockey, Dickens, Derby and Boz Collars.
MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS,
Summer Underclothing.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
ap23:

GREAT AUCTION SALE
CONTINUED,
OF
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
ENTIRE STOCK OF
Fancy Goods, Hosiery, Trimmings,
EMBROIDERIES,
FURNISHING GOODS, NOTIONS, &c., &c.
AT
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Having secured the store room, No. 29 Fifth avenue, lately occupied by A. H. English & Co., we have removed the entire stock of
MACRUM & CARLISLE
From their old store,
No. 19 FIFTH AVENUE,
And will continue
DAILY AUCTION SALES,
Commencing THURSDAY, April 1st, at 2 P. M. and at 10 A. M., 2 and 7 P. M. every day hereafter until the entire stock is closed out.
H. B. SMITHSON & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.
MACRUM & CARLISLE invite the attention of their old customers to the elegant new stock they have just opened at their new store, No. 27 FIFTH AVENUE. ap2

AT RETAIL,
JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S,
FULL ASSORTMENT
Kid Gloves,
In all the bright shades and numbers. GLOVES in Lisle, Silk, Berlin. Gent's Driving Gloves.
HOSIERY,
A full Line Balbriggan, English Cotton, and Tartan Hose. Good Plain and Ribbed Hose 12½ Cents. Gents' super Stout, Superfine and Merino Half Hose.
Ladies' and Gents' Travelling Satchels.
THE MODE S. T. AND PRINCESS ALICE HOOP SKIRTS.
NEW LINE LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS.
MILLINERY GOODS
FINE FRENCH FLOWERS,
HATS BONNETS,
RIBBONS, FRAMES, &c.,
JUST RECEIVED AT
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
ap22

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.
HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA
SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

DRY GOODS.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON.
NEW SPRING GOODS
JUST OPENED,
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
87 Market Street.
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,
SILKS, SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES,
Very Cheap.
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
ap3

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WALL PAPERS.
WALL PAPER
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh23:g4l

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET.)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.,
NEW GOODS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.
NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, and all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated: Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

CEMEMT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.
BRUSSELS CARPETS, VELVETS, &C.
The Latest Arrival
FROM ENGLAND.
McCALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
Have received by steamers Samaria and Manhattan the VERY NEWEST STYLES of the ENGLISH MARKET.
They also offer a
Complete Line of
DOMESTIC CARPETING.
To which large additions are daily being made.
A Display of Goods Equal
To any ever presented in this market at LOWEST PRICES.
McCALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
(BET. WOOD & SMITHFIELD.)
ap23:h95

CARPETS.
We are now receiving our Spring Stock of Carpets, &c., and are prepared to offer as good stock and at as low prices as any other house in the Trade. We have all the new styles of Brussels Tapestry, Brussels, Three Plys and Two Plys. Best assortment of Ingrain Carpets in the Market.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
mh2:d&wT

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS
Have Now Open Their
New Spring Stock
OF
Fine Carpets,
ROYAL AXMINSTER,
TAPESTRY VELVET,
English Body Brussels.
The Choicest Styles ever offered in this Market. Our Prices are the LOWEST.
A SPLENDID LINE OF
CHEAP CARPETS.
Good Cotton Chain Carpets
AT
25 CENTS PER YARD.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
71 AND 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
(SECOND FLOOR.)
mh6

MERCHANT TAILORS.
BOYS' CLOTHING.—The largest and most complete stock of
Boys', Youths and Children's Clothing,
For the present season, is to be found at
GRAY & LOGAN'S,
ap16 47 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair.)
M'PHERSON & MUHLANBRING,
No. 10 Sixth (Late St. Clair) Street.
(Sucessors to W. H. McGEE & CO.,)
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Have just received their carefully selected stock of Spring and Summer Goods, and will be glad to show or sell them to old and new customers. The Cutting Department will still be superintended by Mr. C. A. MUHLANBRING.
I take pleasure in recommending the above firm to the liberal support of the public.
mh11:f81 W. H. McGEE.
B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:y21
NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS

PENN'A CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, WEDNESDAY, April 28, 1869.

CATTLE—The market for cattle has been unusually hard during the past week, and compared with last week, prices have declined fully half a cent per pound. This is owing to very unfavorable advices from New York, which market has dropped from a cent to a cent and a half within the past two weeks, and the great proportion of the cattle purchased here are bought for that place. The receipts have also been larger than usual, and with an increased supply and a diminished demand, together with the break already alluded in the east, a decline was inevitable. Furthermore, the change in the market has a tendency to cause those who have been holding back to hurry their cattle to market, as it is not likely that there will be a reaction for the better, while the chances are that the market will grow worse, as within the next six weeks we may expect grass cattle to be on sale, after which time, until towards fall, high prices are never expected. As already intimated, prices have declined fully a half a cent within the week, and prime to extra shipping steers may now be quoted at 7@7½, and good to medium at 6@6½.

THURSDAY, April 22.—Holmes, Lafferty & Co for Webb to Means 21 weighing 18,950, at 6; same for Brown to Kelly 18 weighing 19,060, at 6,60; same for Doud to Aull & Co 37 weighing 36,400, at 6¾; Brindy to M'Auley 12 weighing 14,325, at 7,65; Kelly to White 18 weighing 19,225; Fairall to Martin 5 weighing 6,125, at 7¼; and 11 weighing 18,975, at 8¾; Farnum to Kelly 17, at 6@7¼.

FRIDAY, April 23.—Holmes, Lafferty & Co for Stewart to Kelly 64 weighing 85,075, at 7¾; same for Bash to Beach & Cray 18 weighing 19,100, at 6¾, and 17 weighing 21,975, at 7¾.

SATURDAY April 24.—M'Auley to Hiller & R, 3; same to Shustler, 5.

MONDAY, April 26.—Holmes, Lafferty & Co for Webb to Young 18 weighing 12,525.

TUESDAY, April 27.—Trauerman & Lobman 8 weighing 7,000, at 7; Berry to Hines 16 weighing 18,800, at 6¾; Trauer & Lobman to Good 7 weighing 7,825.

WEDNESDAY, April 28.—Holmes, Lafferty & Co for Thompson to Beach & Bray 46 weighing 55,500, at 7,10; Berry & B to same buyers 60 weighing 79,650, at 7,10; Holmes, L & Co for Webb to same buyers 66 weighing 83,615, at 7; same for Quick to same buyers 15 weighing 18,975, at 7½; Mallory for Russell to Gillett & Co 16 weighing 19,150, at 6¾; same for Hewlitt to same buyers 36 weighing 40,800, at 6½; same for Scott to same buyers 17 weighing 19,925, at 6¾; same for Johnson to same buyers 34 weighing 40,825, at 6¾.

SHEEP.—The market for this class of stock was also very dull, and as in the case of Hogs and Cattle, prices are down. The demand has fallen off materially which is evident from the fact that the amounts were no larger than usual. Some of the heavy shippers, who ordinarily buy from fifteen to twenty car loads, only bought from three to four car loads this week. Clipped Sheep may be quoted at from 4½ @6 and wooled Sheep at 5@7. Ensign Newton sold a bunch of extra clipped Sheep averaging 105 lbs. at 6¾. They were as follows:

Wednesday	315
Thursday	1287
Friday	1281
Saturday	989
Monday	678
Tuesday	1346

HOGS.—The Hog market has also been dull and panicky during the past week, and, compared with last week, prices have declined from ¾ @1 cent per pound, and even at the decline the market is dull and weak, the demand being very light. We now quote York Hogs at 8¼@9 cents, and Philadelphia Hogs at 9¾@10¼. The demand from the east has fallen off very materially, which may be attributed partially at least to the change in the weather, as people generally use less pork and more mutton and beef during the Spring and Summer. The sales during the week were as follows:

Wednesday	795
Thursday	1645
Friday	1604
Saturday	650
Monday	295
Tuesday	1194

SHIPMENTS EAST FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 27TH.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.
Wednesday,	284	1,011	3,623	85
Thursday,	108	1,530	3,406	83
Friday,	1,294	3,316	2,322	110
Saturday,	235	4,771	993	28
Monday,	38	4,470	2,257	61
Tuesday,	462	2,817	1,559	17

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, April 28, 1869.

The market in a general way presents but little that is new or important. The dullness and stagnation which has so long prevailed still continues, and as we have repeatedly stated, there must be a radical change in some shape or other before we can reasonably expect a *real* and permanent improvement. There is, in the present aspect of affairs, a general disinclination towards doing anything, for the very good reason that there is no inducement offered, and oil men, like others, are not inclined to go into a venture, which from the very outset promises no return. This is why the trade is completely prostrated, and to this is attributable the fact that there is so little doing. It is to be hoped, however, that there will be a change, and that, too, before long, and that the depression which has so long prevailed will be obliged to give way to that buoyancy and activity, with which the trade is usually characterized at this season of the year.

CRUDE—The crude market continues very dull and weak, and compared with yesterday the prices are a shade lower. Spot oil may be quoted at 14½@14¾, with a sale of 1,000 bbls, seller to July, at 14¾. May, June and July was offered at 16, and May and June may be quoted at 15¼ @15½.

REFINED—Also is dull and drooping; sales 1,000 bbls April at 31¾; 1,000 each May and June at 33, and 1,000 August at 35. May is nominal at 33½.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 507 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 100 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadephia.

McKelvy Bro. 327 bbls refined to W. P Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L & S. 200 bbls refined to W. P. Logan Bro., Philadelphia.

Total Shipments Refined..... 1134

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Kirkpatrick & Lyons, 306 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Duncan & Williams, 45 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales 1,700 bales at 28¾@ 28¾c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts 6,657 bbls and firmer; low grades dull; heavy and lower for medium and good descriptions; sales 58,000 bbls at $5,35@5,75 for superfine state western; $5,85@6,20 for extra western; $6,75@8 for white wheat extra; $5,95@7,25 for R. H. O.; $7@7,50 for extra St. Louis; $9@12 for good choice do.; closing dull for all kinds. Rye flour quiet; sales 240 bbls at $4,60@ 6,75. Corn meal dull. Whisky dull; sales 500 bbls western at 91c for free. Wheat—receipts 395 bu; spring wheat 1 @2c better; winter dull and heavy; sales 36,000 bu at $1,31 for No. 3 spring in store; $1,39@1,43 for No. 2 in store and delivered; $1,43 for No. 1 and 2 do mixed; $1,43 for No. 1 do in store; $1,47 for do delivered; $1,70 for white California; $1,87@ 1,88 for white Canada and smutty do. on private terms. Rye dull; sales 3,500 bu western at $1,30, and 2,000 bu state at $1,36. Barley dull. Barley malt quiet. Corn—receipts 11,654 bu new and unchaaged; old 1c better and in good inquiry, partly speculative; sales 71,000 bu at 81@83c for new mixed western; 85c old do in store, 85@86c for do afloat, and 81c for old white western in store. Oats receipts, 9,025; oats a shade firmer and a fair demand; sales of 51,000 bus at 80@82c for western in store, and 82½@83c for do afloat. Rice firm. Coffee quiet and firm. Sugar steady; sales of 100 hhds Cuba at 12¼c. Molasses firm; sales of 500 hhds New Orleans at 80c. Hops quiet and unchanged. Petroleum quiet at 17@17½c for crude, and 32½c for refined. Leather hemlock quiet at previous prices. Wool quiet and drooping; sales of 400,000 lbs at 47@51c for domestic fleece, 46c for pulled, and 48@48½c for combings. Texas coal by auction to-day: 80,000 tons Scranton at $4,62@4,80, lump at $4,57, steamboat at $4,65@4,70, grate at $4,75 @4,77, egg at $5,05@5,25, and stove at $4,75@4,76. Linseed oil quiet. Pork heavy; sales of 900 bbls at $31,25@31,50 for new mess, $28,50@28,75 for prime mess; also, 2,850 bbls new mess, seller last half of May at $31,50. Beef—sales of 120 bbls at $8,00@16,00 for new plain mess, $12,00@18,00 for new extra mess. Tierce beef dull and unchanged at $23,00 @23,00 for extra prime mess, $25,00@30,00 India. Beef Hams steady, with sales of 170 bbls at $26@32. Cut Meats dull and heavy; sales of 190 pkgs at 12½@13c for shoulders, 15½@16c for hams; Middles quiet and lower, with sales of 85 boxes Cumberland cut at 15¾@15½c, chiefly 15¾c. Lard heavy and a shade lower; sales of 550 tcs at 17¾@18¾c, chiefly 18¼c, for steam, and 18½@18¾c for kettle rendered. Butter heavy at 25@35c for Ohio, and 25@41c for State. Cheese firm at 19@23c for common to prime. Freights to Liverpool heavy and lower, with engagements for 7,500 bus wheat per steamer at 1d per bushel. Spirits Turpentine quiet. Metals—Sheathing Copper steady at 33c; Ingot Copper more active and without decided change in prices, with sales at 23½c for Baltimore and 23¾@23¾c for Lake Superior; Pig Iron in fair request at $41@45 for Scotch, and $37@42 for American; Bar Iron quiet at $85@90 for refined English and American; Sheet Iron dull at 11½@13c in gold for Russia. Nails steady and unchanged.

LATER.—Flour closed quiet and steady for common, and dull and 10@15c lower for medium and good grades. Wheat closed very firm for spring, with a more willing demand, and dull and heavy for winter. Rye dull and heavy at $1,29@ 1,31 for western. Oats firm at 80c for western in store. Corn steady at 82@83c for new mixed western, and 85@86c for old do afloat and in store. Pork quiet at $31,25 for new mess. Beef steady, with a moderate demand. Cut meats and bacon heavy. Lard dull and heavy at 18¼c for prime steam. Eggs steady at 19@21c.

CHICAGO, April 27.—Eastern Exchange firm at par to 1-10 off buying, and 1-10 selling. Flour active and firmer at $4,75 @6,25 for spring extra. Wheat; No. 1 quiet and firmer. Sales at $1,15@1,16½. No. 2 moderately active and 2¼c higher. Sales at $1,08@1,09¼; closing at $1,09¼. Sales this evening at $1,09. Corn dull and easier. Sales of No. 1 at 58@60; No. 2 at 55½@56; rejected 50@52; new 49½@ 51; closing at 49@49¼ for new. Sales of No. 1 at 58@58¼ for seller; May 59 for seller, last half of May and June No. 2 at 55@56 for seller May. Nothing doing in corn this afternoon. Oats quiet and unsettled; irregular sales of No. 2 at 57¼ @58¼; rejected 54¼@54½; closing at 57¾@58 for No. 2. Sales of No. 2 at 57@ 57¼ for seller of May and June. Rye firmer. Sales of No. 1 at $1,16¼ @1,17, closing with sellers at $1,17. Barley dull and 5c higher; sales No. 2 at $1,69@1,65. Highwines are firm at 87@ 88c with buyers at 86@86¼c. New Orleans Molasses sells at $1@1,05. Sugar sells at $1,40@1,51¼ for common to choice. Mess Pork is in good request, market opened firmer at $31, closing easier at $30,87½. Lard dull at 17¼@ 17¾c. Bulk Meats quiet and firmer. The receipts for the past twenty-four hours were as follows: 7,053 bbls flour, 5,500 bush wheat, 15,212 bush corn, 17,414 bush oats, 713 bush rye, 6,671 head of hogs. Shipments: 8,598 bbls flour, 6,671 bush wheat, 15,224 bush corn, 13,657 bush oats, 1,435 bush rye, 750 bush barley, 2,065 head of hogs. Freights are dull at 6c on wheat to Buffalo.

CINCINNATI, April 23.—Flour in demand at $6@6.25 for family, and $6,50@8 for fancy. Wheat is nominally unchanged. Corn is dull, with sales of ear at 65@66c, and shelled at 67@68c. Oats; the market is firm, with sales at 67@71c for No. 2 to choice white. Rye can be bought at $1,39. Cotton is dull, with sales of middling at 27¼c. Tobacco is firm and in good demand, with sales of 145 hogsheads at $5@15,60. Whiskey is quiet and unchanged at 90c. Provisions are dull, and there is no demand to establish quotations. Mess Pork is held at $31,25. Bulk Meats are held at 12½@ 12¼c for shoulders, and 15¼c for sides. Bacon is nominally held at 13¼, 16½ and 17c for shoulders, clear rib and clear sides, and small sales were made at a shade below these rates. Lard is neglected and can be bought at 18¼c. Butter is dull for all kinds but fresh made and packed solid, which brings 38@40c. Eggs have declined to 15c, and the market closed dull. Groceries are unchanged and quiet. Linseed Oil is dull and in good jobbing demand at $1,05. Lard Oil is held at $1,45@1,50. Petroleum is held at 32@34c. Clover Seed is dull at $15,75@16. Timothy is dull at $3,75. Gold is buying at 133½. The money market is steady at 9@12 per cent. Exchange is steady.

ST. LOUIS, April 28.—Tobacco unchanged. Cotton nominal at 26¾@27. Hemp dull; sales of prime and choice undressed at $1,30@1,60. Flour is dull and unchanged; superfine sold at $4,85 @5, spring and fall double extra at $5,35 6,25, treble extra at $7,50@9. Wheat dull at $1,30@1,55 for fair to strictly prime red, $1,80@1,85 for choice ditto, spring stiff and higher, No. 2 in elevator sold at $1,09@1,08, and choice do. in sacks at $1,40. Corn lower and unsettled; sales of mixed and yellow at 73@ 73½. Oats heavy and easier at 61@64. Barley quiet at $1,70@1,80 for Illinois and Iowa spring, $2,10 for choice Minnesota. Rye firmer. Whisky at 86½@ 87½. Molasses at 75@85 for plantation. Coffee, 20@22½c for medium grades, and 25@26c for choice Rio. Pork quiet, $28; small sales at $31,00@31,50. Dry salt meat firmer; loose shoulders sold at 11¼c; rib sides, 13¾c; clear sides 15½c. Sweet pickled hams sold at 15c. Bacon quiet firm, and holders not anxious to sell at present prices; shoulders sold in small lots at 13c; clear sides 17@ 17¾c. Lard is held firmly at 18c for choice tierce, and 19¼@20c for keg. Receipts—2,100 bbls flour, 6,800 bush wheat, 7,000 bush corn, 28,000 bush oats.

CLEVELAND, April 28.—Flour; city made $10@10,25 for treble extra white; $8@8,25 for double extra amber; $7,25@ 7,50 for double extra red winter; $6@6,25 for extra red country made; 6,50@7,75 for double extra red and amber; $6@6.75 for double extra spring; $8,75@9,25 for double extra white winter. Buckwheat Flour dull and nominal. Wheat: sales of No. 1 red winter at $1,45; No. 2 do $1,30. Corn; sales of 2,200 bushs at 70c. Oats held at 68c. In Rye there is very little doing, and the market nominal at $1,28 @1,35. The Petroleum market is dull and heavy; Refined held at 30c for standard white; 28c for prime light straw to white in car lots; small lots to retail trade 2@3c higher.

LOUISVILLE, April 28.—Tobacco; 212 hhds at 5@7 for common to good lugs, $28 for Hart county bright wrapper. Mess Pork at $32. Lard at 18c. Bacon at 13½ @13¾c for shoulders; 16¾@17c for clear rib sides, and 17¾@17½c for clear sides; bulk shoulders at 12¾c, and clear sides at 16½c. Superfine flour at $6. Wheat at $1,40@1,50. Corn at 66@68c. Oats at 67@68c. Sugar dull at 11½c for prime. Hay at $22@23. Whisky at 91c.

MILWAUKEE, April 28.—Flour firm; city spring extras steady at $5,50@6,00. Wheat firm and higher, at $1,14½ for No. 1 and $1,07½ for No. 2. Oats steady, at 57@57½c for No. 2. Corn steady, at 54c for rejected new. Rye higher, at $1,14 for No. 1. Barley nominal, at $1,75 for fair to good samples. Receipts—2,000 bbls flour; 24,000 bush wheat; 3,000 bush oats. Shipments—3,000 bbls flour; 86,000 bush wheat.

TOLEDO, April 28.—Flour nominal. Wheat: amber opened better, with a light business at $1,44½, and closed dull at $1,44½; white Michigan dull at $1,45, and No. 1 red is quiet at $1,44. Corn is dull, with sales of No. 2 at 65½c, with small sales. Oats firm and unchanged at 67c for No. 1 Michigan. Rye is dull with sales of No. 1 at $1,25, and No. 2 at $1,20. Barley is held at $1,93 for Canada, with no buyers.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—Flour more active at $8@9,25 for extra brands, and $9,50@12 for fancy. Wheat firm but not active at $1,70@1,75 for red; $1,90 for amber, and $2 for white. Rye steady at $1,43 for western. Corn firmer; 6,000 bu yellow at 88@89c, and mixed western at 84@88c. Oats more active at 75@77c for western. Provisions unchanged. Whisky firmer at 96c.

BALTIMORE, April 28.—Flour dull and favors buyers. Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn steady; white 77@78c; yellow 83@84c. Oats unchanged: prime heavy at 76@78c. Rye unchanged. Mess Pork quiet at $31,75@32,00. Bacon rib sides 16½c; clear sides 17½c; shoulders 14½c. Hams 20@21c. Lard firm at 19½c. Whisky firm but quiet at 92¾@ 93c; stock light.

MEMPHIS, April 28.—Cotton dull, 27@ 28c; receipts, 182 bales; exports, 575 bales. Flour dull, $5,50@6,00 for superfine. Hay $27@28. Oats 72c. Pork $32. Lard 18c. Bacon firm; shoulders 13½c; sides 17½c. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 12½c; sides 16½c.

DETROIT, April 18.—Wheat; extra white at $1,75, No. 1 do. at $1,58@1,60, No. 2 do. at $1,23@1,35, No. 1 amber at $1,40, extra and No. 1 scarce. Bran at 20 for coarse. Middlings at 22, fine 25. Clover seed $9,50.

NEW YORK, April 28.—The arrivals today were, 1,770 head cattle; 600 head sheep; 570 head hogs. Beeves; prices unchanged at 12@16c. Sheep extremely dull and ½c lower, and not selling; western sheared 4½@7c. Hogs; market steady at 10@10½c.

CHICAGO, April 28.—Hogs are fairly active at $8,50 for common, $9,21½@9,50 for fair to medium, $9,50@9,85 for good to choice. Cattle market dull, buyers and sellers apart: sales at $4,50@5,75 for stockers, $6,10@6,50 for fair to medium, $6,65@7,37½ for choice to extra.

ST. LOUIS, April 28.—Cattle—prime and choice butchers and extra shipping beeves are in demand; prices range from 3½@9½c. Hogs quiet and steady, 8@10.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, April 28.—The inquiry for all textile fabrics continues limited and the prices rule low but steady, the only change of moment to-day being in Stafford extra 4-4 bleached muslins, which are selling at 14c, and Norfolk D 4-4 bleached muslins, which are reduced to 10½c. In other classes of cottons there is no particular change to observe.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily with four feet three inches in channel by Monongahela marks. Weather yesterday was close and sultry, in the afternoon we had a slight thunder storm accompanied by considerable rain.

There have been no arrivals since the date of our last report. The Kenton is due from Portsmouth to day, and the Argosy from St Louis, and will reach here about the last of the week.

The Gray Eagle arrived and departed for Parkersburg.

The New York for Nashville and the Lorena for St. Louis departed. The former boat has engagements below, including 1500 kegs of nails at Wheeling.

The Glasgow, Capt. Andy Robinson, will positively leave for St. Lewis and the Upper Missippi on Saturday, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mina.

—The license of the pilot C. C. Cable, which was revoked in consequence of the J. N. M'Cullough disaster, some months ago, has been restored, and he is now engaged on the St. Marys.

—The towboats Stella, Mary Ann, Alps Hercules, Ormsby, Greyhound, Lake Erie, Arrow and Key Stone, of the coal fleet, arrived at Louisville on Sunday and Sunday night with heavy tows of coal, which were being taken below the falls on Monday.

—The Glendale, Pittsburgh to St. Louis, left Cincinnati on Monday with a big trip. Pilots—Geo. Burk and Geo. Clark.

—The Mary Davage was expected to arrive at Cincinnati on Tuesday. Samuel Williamson and Daniel Weaver will pilot her from there to St. Louis.

—The Argosy arrived at Cincinnati on Monday and was to have left there for Pittsburgh on Tuesday.

—A private dispatch from Capt. Hazlett, of the Urilda, confirms the reported sinking of that boat, but says nothing about the explosion and loss of life. It is probable, therefore, that the account received by telegraph was considerably exaggerated. She was insured for $8,000 in the Western and Monongahela companies of this city.

—The arbitrators in the case of the Louisiana and Ruth came to an agreement on Monday, awarding $4,500 damages to the Louisiana. The owners of the Louisiana estimated their damages at $11,000.

—Inteligence was received at St. Louis on Monday that the Mountain Steamer Tennessee, which left there on the 13th, when 75 miles below Sioux City, Iowa, was snagged and sunk. Her deck freight, stores and outfit were taken off by the Mountaineer, which reached her soon after the disaster, but it is thought the steamer can not be raised.

—Up to Saturday last, twenty-six steamers had left St. Louis for Fort Benton.

—A St. Louis dispatch, under date of Monday, says business on the Upper Mississippi is unusually lively, and the shipment of grain to this point and New Orleans is unprecedented, and promises to be very large during the season. The diversion of the grain trade from Chicago has begun in earnest, and will continue until the monopoly of that business by that city is broken up. There is now one hundred and twenty-five thousand bushels of grain in one tow en route to this city from Dubuque and above, and nearly all the towns on the uppper Mississippi are calling on St. Lewis to send barges for their wheat, corn and oats, which they desire to ship here, to New Orleans, or to Liverpool.

—A dispatch from Minneapolis, dated on Monday, says: "The new firs-class steamer Minneapolis, of the Northern Line Packet Company, Captain Rhodes, arrived at this port on Sunday at noon, loaded to the guards with freight for Minneapolis merchants. This morning she was presented with a magnificent set of colors, a gift of the Board of Trade and citizens. She left for St. Louis and intermediate points at eleven o'clock, loaded with flour and freight. She came up to the falls without difficulty, and her arrival at this port creates an epoch in Mississippi navagation. Henceforth the Falls of the St. Anthony will be practically the head of navigation on the Mississippi River.

—Capt. J. W. Anawalt and Charles Mathews, the barge Kings, left Cincinnati for Pittsburg on Monday by rail. The Wild Duck is coming with 900 tons of iron ore for Stewbenville and Pittsburgh.

River and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, April 28.—River falling with eight feet six inches in the Canal. Weather clear and pleasant.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
j 2:d43

GRAY'S FERRY

PRINTING INK WORKS.

C. E. ROBINSON,

MANUFACTURER OF

Black and Colored Printing & Lithographic

INKS, VARNISHES, &C.

Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,

fe16:e60 PHILADELPHIA.

TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S

FIRE-PROOF

Lamp

CHIMNEYS.

fe16:e28

NOTICE OF

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the name and style of

F. SELLERS & CO.,

and will continue the Provision and Lard Oil business as heretofore.

F. SELLER,
J. L. DUNSEATH.

PITTSBURGH, March 10, 1869. mh20:g55

NOTICE.

Opening of Diamond Street, Pittsburgh.

All persons interested are hereby notified that the report of Viewers in the matter of opening and widening DIAMOND STREET, from the Diamond to Ferry street, has been approved and confirmed. All persons against whom assessments or benefits were made, are requir d to pay the same to me within thirty days, otherwise they will be entered as liens against the property. All property on the Diamond and Diamond street, west of the Market House, and on Liberty street from Sixth street to Fourth avenue, has been assessed.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
ap10:h27 No. 106 Fifth Avenue.

FOURTELOTS'

POTTED GAME.

A choice assortment of Game Pates of the above celebrated brand, just received and for sale by the dozen or at retail, by

JNO. A. RENSHAW,
ap23 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,

FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,

83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

☞ Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

ACADEMY OF SCIENCE, 101

Federal Street, Allegheny, (Savings Bank Building.) Spring term begins

MONDAY, APRIL 5th, 1869.

For circulars, &c., apply to
h30 R. S. ROBB, A. M., Prin.

WM. B. NEEPER,

ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

OFFICE, 89 FIFTH AVENUE.

Special attention given to conveyancing and collections. Deeds, Bonds and Mortgages drawn up, and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

RIVER PACKETS.

ST. LOUIS.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, BURLINGTON, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL, IN CONNECTION WITH THE NORTHERN LINE PACKET CO.—The fine passenger steamer LORENA.....Capt. S. SHUMAN,

Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, April 28th, at 4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
ap28 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ST. PAUL.

FOR KEOKUK, BURLINGTON, MUSCATINE, DAVENPORT, ROCK ISLAND, FULTON CITY, LYONS, GALENA, DUBUQUE, McGREGOR, LACROSSE, WINONA, REED'S LANDING and ST. PAUL, the splendid passenger steamer,

GLASGOW..... Capt. ANDY ROBINSON, JR.,

Will leave as above on WEDNESDAY, the 28th inst., at 4 P. M.

ap26 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG AND CINCINNATI.

Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY 12 M.
Leaves Cincinnati EVERY FRIDAY—4 P. M.

The swift and superb Sidewheel Steamer ST. MARYS, T. C. SWEENEY, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or COLLINS & BARNES, Agents.

N. B.—No Freight received on Tuesday after 11 A. M. mh29

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

1869.

NORTHERN LINE PACKETS,

FROM

St. Louis to Keokuk and St. Paul,

AND ALL INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

One of the splendid Sidewheel Steamers of this Line will leave St. Louis daily for Keokuk, Davenport, Dubuque, Winona, Stillwater and St. Paul.

Through receipts for Freight and Passengers will be given to all points on the Upper Mississippi on steamers running from this port and connecting with the Northern Line Packets at St. Louis, thus enabling Consignees to get their Freight through without delay and at lowest rates. Apply to JOHN FLACK,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
Agents, or to
R. C. GRAY,
mh26:g23 91 Water street.

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS,

GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by
JAMES COLLINS,
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
ap13 Agents.

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among to mthe celebrated

CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON,

Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to

WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.

70 FIFTH STREET, (Chronicle Building, Nearly opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh

REMOVALS.

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK.

THE PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK

HAS REMOVED TEMPORARILY TO

No. 81 Fourth Avenue,

Immediately opposite to its former location, where it will remain until the Safe Deposit Company Building is completed, when the Bank will then be located in that building.

S. F. VON BONNHORST,

SECRETARY AND TREASURER.
April 14, 1869. ap17:h 4

REMOVAL.

J. M. GAZZAM,

Attorney-at-Law, has removed his office to No.

98 FIFTH AVENUE. ap17:h29

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, Pittsburgh, April 1st, 1869.

IN PURSUANCE OF THE 21st section of an Act relating to Allegheny County, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the amendment to said section, approved the 30th day of March, 1866, I do hereby give notice that the Duplicates for the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships WILL BE OPEN, and I will be prepared to receive the

County, State, Poor, Workhouse and Improvement Taxes for 1869.

On and after the 1st day of May, 18 9. Said taxes can be paid at this Office until the 1st day of August with a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENT. for prompt payment to all persons paying the whole amount of their taxes.

There will be no deduction allowed during the month of August. There will be

Ten Per Cent. Added

To all taxes remaining unpaid on the 1 t day of September, 1869.

J. F. DENNISTON,
ap2:d&T Treasurer of Allegheny County.

SLATE.

ROOFING SLATE OF VARIOUS

Qualities and Colors.

Particular attention given to laying Slate and repairing Slate roofs. For particulars and prices address

J. S. NEWMYER,

No. 43 Seventh Avenue,

mh31:g56 PITTSBURGH, PA

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Seak, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salamon, Bass, Stergeon, Herring and Macinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insure them a treat. mh25

WATER PIPES,

CHIMNEY TOPS.

A large assortment,

HENRY H. COLLINS,
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WINDOW SHADES,
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IN EVERY VARIETY.

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ja12:r68

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W. C. ARMSTRONG, Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong, PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 25 Market street.

LEGAL.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

MOSES HYNEMAN, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given, to all persons who have proved their debts, and to the persons interested, to appear on the 11th day of May, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third Meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th Sections of said Act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place.

ap 22:h79-TH. S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

ADOLPH ROEDELHEIM, a Bankrupt, under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 11th day of May, 1869, at 10 o'clock a. m., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given, that the second and third meetings of creditors of the said Bankrupt required by the 27th and 28th sections of said Act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place.

ap22:h80-TH. S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.—In the Court of Common Pleas, Jane Wagner, by her next friend vs. John A. Wagner.

No. 303, March Term, 1868. Libel in Divorce.

And now, April 10th, 1869, C. SNIVELY, Esq., appointed Commissioner to take testimony in this case, and report the same to the Court.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
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THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1869.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE — *Second page: Ephemeris, Letter from Grace Greenwood, A Mysterious Revelation, Washington Items. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets. Seventh page: Farm, Garden and Household.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 87½.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 53½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 133¾.

THE BILL before the Ohio Legislature, to prohibit the erection of bridges of less than four hundred feet span over the channel of the Ohio, has become a law. Under this law, a penalty of $10,000 is imposed, and the structure is liable to abatement as a nuisance, by the usual proceedings.

THE Democratic Legislature of Ohio is deliberating upon fresh penalties against voters of visibly admixed blood. They regard the approaching adoption of the XVth Article with the same sort of horror which African savages exhibit at the approach of a solar eclipse,—and attempt to avert the phenomenon by similar means—by making a tremendous noise to scare the intruder away.

DEATH OF HON. ARNOLD PLUMMER.—A dispatch received by JOSEPH PLUMMER, Esq., Wood street, last evening, announces the death of Hon. ARNOLD PLUMMER, aged 75, at his residence in Franklin, on yesterday afternoon. MR. PLUMMER represented the Venango District in Congress two or three terms, some twenty-five years ago. He had many friends in this city, and was well known and much esteemed throughout the State. His death will be a public loss.

A CHICAGO JOURNAL has ascertained, from the talk of everybody "in the streets, on horse-cars, in the railroad trains, in the club-rooms, around euchre-tables,"—the Chicago headquarters for public opinion—that the present Administration is very weak; that there are no statesmen in the Cabinet; that the President has appointed too many personal friends and relatives to office; and that these mistakes explain the failure of the proposed repeal of the office-tenure law, "more than half the votes against that repeal having been made by the indiscreet act of appointing Mr. WASHBURNE to the State Department." The way public opinion, at Chicago, responded to this attack upon Gen. GRANT was remarkable, considering that "everybody's talk" was in this same direction; neither of the Republican evening journals of the city, of the same day, made the slightest allusion to it! This instance may have been due to their amazement and grief, or was it because the "horse-car and euchre-table" public at Chicago have a natural explanation for the milk in that kind of cocoa-nuts.

MEMORIAL DAY.

The suggestion, from the *Post*, that the "children in blue," the orphans at the Homes, should have a prominent place in the ceremonies of the 30th of May, meets a cordial response from the city press. We hope that it will be heeded and adopted throughout the Commonwealth, wherever the Homes are situated, or wherever the day may be appropriately observed, and any of these orphans are to be found. Where are they *not* to be found, in Pennsylvania? The proper arrangements for this leading participation in the proceedings of Memorial Day, are not to be omitted.

Says the *Post:*

Their presence may possibly give a tinge of sadness to the occasion, not anticipated by young men and maidens whose lives are not as bright and lovely as the flowers of May, they meet to strew, but to the more mature, the living presence of several hundred orphans of soldiers will awaken stronger emotions than the green turf which covers the inanimate bodies of their fathers, even though it be covered with immortelles.

The *Dispatch* remarks:

The ceremonies of "Decoration Day" would be scarcely complete without their presence. We are all mourners for our soldier dead, but their orphan children are the chief mourners. Their hands should be the first to garland the tombs of their heroic fathers. We trust those having the matter in charge will attend to this suggestion.

This change would relieve the President, Heads of Departments, Senators and Representatives of much unpleasant importunity which now falls to their lot, and would leave them ampler opportunities to attend to their proper duties. Then if members of the two Houses could be relieved of the onerous implied obligation to serve as claim-agents and errand-runners for all their constituents who chance to have matters at the various Departments which require attention, the whole public service would be purified. How far Senators and Representatives are taxed in these particulars is not generally understood; but it has come to pass, in many cases, that these functionaries are considered valuable, not because of their comprehension of their constitutional duties, and of their fidelity in performing them, but of their promptness and efficiency in procuring contracts, obtaining favorable adjustments of pending claims, and doing various other things which they ought not to touch at all, and which, in a healthier atmosphere of public sentiment they would be severely censured for meddling with under ordinary circumstances.

Mr. Jenckes' Civil Service bill, in its essential elements, is precisely what is needed so far as relates to Government employés. Why will not the two Houses of Congress pass it, or a similar bill, into a law? Their own comfort cries out equally with the public interests for this change. We trust that early in the next session this measure, unaccountably delayed, will be pushed to consummation.

SIDE ISSUES.

Whoever supposes that the Republican party is in such danger of going to "everlasting smash," that nothing will keep its organization unbroken, unless a variety of side issues are resorted to, clearly fails to appreciate the real foundations upon which the party has been built up. If Republicanism has no solid merits of its own, which are independent of the varying phases of the hour, and which spring out of the immutable principles of morality and public justice;—if it has been a merely temporary political shift, to bring about a change of places between the *outs* and the *ins*;—if the field of National politics to-day presents only exhausted questions and accomplished results, not one wrong needing to be righted, not one mistake yet to be corrected, with no longer any public duty neglected or any private right denied;—if Liberty, Equality and Justice, the public faith, the obligations of the Union, and the supremacy of the law be everywhere acknowledged and respected;—if the partizan opposition, which has so long, so bitterly and so powerfully withstood the final triumph of Republicanism, be, at last, extinguished, never to be revived;—if, in fine, all the people of the States be cordially agreed to accept and stand faithfully by the new order of things for which Republicanism has apparently won such decisive victories—then, perhaps, there will be no further use for it as a political party, and we may wisely turn our attention to the attractive side-issues of foreign wars, and annexations, or to the more domestic charms of the temperance question, or that of the rights of women.

But the facts do not yet justify us in congratulating each other upon the complete triumph of the Republican cause. Let us complete Reconstruction, reform the civil service, purge the Treasury, and make a fair start in the payment of the vast war-debt, before we talk of the Republican mission as complete.

Fortunately, there is no danger to be apprehended in the direction of a foreign policy of annexation or war. In that quarter, are rocks which would shatter the Republican party in an instant and hopeless wreck. But, whatever madness may possess individuals, the wiser counsels of Republicanism will steer clear of that palpable ruin. The real perils to be feared will be found in the side issues which are likely to afflict our politics for the next two years, with an Egyptian pertinacity. Here lies the hope of the opposition, and, possibly, temporary disaster to the great party which feels itself strong enough to risk anything, and which is strong enough to overcome any opposition outside of its own ranks.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

Persons who are so situated as to be able to form the most reliable judgment in the premises, estimate that one hundred millions of dollars are lost annually to the National Treasury through the incompetency and dishonesty of the fiducial agents of the Government. This computation is confirmed by such glimpses as all citizens get into the management of public affairs. Of course, this conclusion includes the disbursement as well as the collection of the moneys. From one-fifth to one-fourth of all the legitimate income of the republic is either suffered to run to waste or else plundered after it has been gathered. No more cogent proof can be presented that the Civil Service is rotten, and needs overhauling from top to bottom.

Now, it must be confessed that in all other countries, and under the most diverse forms of government, incapable or corrupt men manage to foist themselves into public positions of delicacy and responsibility. If they are incompetent, they fail to gather and husband the interests over which they are appointed to preside; if dishonest, they connive, for their own advantage, at base practices both in levying and collecting revenue, and in making contracts involving the disbursement thereof. In many instances collossal fortunes are realized as rewards for eminent services, of which complaint cannot reasonably be made, but oftener through the personal favoritism of a sovereign. Neither of these forms of expenditure is known in this country; though a practice has grown up of appropriating large sums of money for specific purposes under the expectation or agreement that extravagant profits shall be made, and the gains be divided between placemen and contractors. This is worse than any system or caprice of imperial favoritism, entailing greater losses upon the Treasury, and producing a much wider and more fatal demoralization.

It must be considered moreover, that private employers, who have nothing to consult but the necessities of the various callings, frequently find it difficult to obtain the grade of help they desire. Men who have even common aptitudes in any craft or pursuit, in combination with even fair degrees of administrative capacity, are apt to put their powers into use exclusively for themselves, instead of barely renting them for wages. In this country, more than in any other, is this tendency observable, and for the plain reason that no barriers of custom are interposed to prevent each individual from doing the best he can for himself.

The Civil Service of the Government not only encounters this difficulty, but is subjected, not of necessity so much as through habit, to another and more baleful discomfort. Appointments are largely controlled by personal or political considerations. A President uses his prerogatives to reward, by public preferment, individuals who have been kind or helpful to him, either in private life or official career. Heads of Departments are actuated by the same influence. Senators and Representatives, so far as they are potential in controlling appointments, look largely to compensating the men who have been of service to them, or may be of advantage to them in time to come. Under such conditions competency and integrity gradually become of secondary consequence. This evil is seriously aggravated by sweeping removals from office upon the incoming of a new Administration.

Experience counts for much in all pursuits. Nay, experience is commonly superior to genius that has been untrained in the special business to be managed. This is abundantly verified in all professions and employments. The men who are justly rated as authorities in this or that department of thought or physical activity, are not generally men of unprecedented natural gifts; but men of only fair powers who have set themselves resolutely and doggedly to the task of mastering a particular thing, and have succeeded.

Experience counts for as much in governmental concerns as in any other branch of human affairs; and counts for as much at the top of government as in any of the gradations from the top down to the bottom. Any man may be made the nominal head of a Department; but his appointment will not enable him to discharge the duties of the place. The same rule applies inflexibly through all grades of officials in a Department down to the lowest. What no prudent business man would think of doing in the prosecution of his affairs, in the way of employing subordinates, cannot be safely done in governmental concerns.

What is imperatively called for by the exigencies of the Civil Service, by the interests of the tax-payers, and by the dignity of those individuals who hold the keys of power and place, is the adoption of a totally different system from that which now obtains. That system ought to provide that no one shall enter the Civil Service by appointment except after a full and strict examination as to his qualifications for the special employment, and then that he shall be secure against removal for ordinary political cause. Such a system, rigidly followed, would secure competency and integrity in public business to the same degree that those qualities are conspicuous in private affairs. More could not reasonably be expected, and, if expected, could not be had.

THE ANTI-PACKER WAR.

The *Post* of the 27th quoted an Easton paper, for its authority for publishing the rumor of Judge PACKER'S withdrawal "from the Democratic canvass for nomination." It added:

"An irresponsible telegram printed in the *Post* of yesterday, said to come from Mauch Chunk, denies the declination. We have before us undeniable evidence of Mr. Packer's reluctance to have his name used in any struggle for gubernatorial honors, as we have *of a few interested and apparently anxious friends to keep him on the track* for what it will bring. Judge Packer talks about the matter in a very sensible fashion. *He is now up in years, has all the money he wants, never had much political ambition, and will not under any circumstances be a party to any scramble for position.* He would not reject the nomination for Governor if it came unsolicited and with unanimity, but would not have it upon any other condition. In this we are not mistaken."

The italics are ours; we employ them to indicate the *animus* of the *Post*, toward the Judge. On the 28th our neighbor copies the "irresponsible" telegram, with this explanation:

"In his Chambersburg letter he merely stated he did not desire the nomination, but if tendered he would not feel at liberty to decline. As the *Post* did not originate the report of the withdrawal of Mr. Packer, it does not hesitate in publishing the above card, the moment it was brought to our notice. Our allusion was based upon the expression of a Democratic journal, and *the announcement could have no political effect one way or another, as it was susceptible of instant contradiction.*"

This apology is very humble. The deprecatory remark which we italicize shows that our neighbor is quite well aware that his political "roorbacks" don't amount to much. Had he also reprinted the Chambersburg letter, the reparation would have been more complete. The letter reads thus:

MAUCH CHUNK, January 16, 1869.

GENTLEMEN: Your favor of the 12th instant, desiring to know whether I will consent to the use of my name in connection with the nomination for Governor in the next Democratic and Conservative State Convention, has been received.

The same inquiry has been made by numerous other friends from different sections of the State, to which I have uniformly replied that I did not desire the nomination, and in view of all the cares and responsibilities to be assumed by the nominee of the Convention in the event of a successful canvass, my reply to you would, if my own views and feelings were consulted, be of the same tenor. But there are due from every man, public as well as private, duties; and if the Convention, after considering the subject in all its bearings, should, in its wisdom, decide to confer the nomination on me, I will not consider myself at liberty to decline.

With thanks for the very complimentary manner in which your partiality has induced you to bring this subject to my attention, I am, gentlemen,

Your friend and obedient servant,
ASA PACKER.

Of course, Judge PACKER wants the nomination. His guarded phrases of qualification are the usual thing with all candidates. The *Post* knows this as well as we do. Why then attempt to sneer down so distinguished a competitor for our candidate—Gen. CASS?

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

FLOATING RAILROAD BRIDGE-SECTIONS PROPELLED BY STEAM.

It is about ten years ago that the writer of these lines, shortly after the Connellsville railroad was completed to its present south-eastern terminus, in a conversation with one of the leading coal merchants and pit owners at McKeesport, suggested the practicability of affording, by a short railway along the foot of the hills on the left bank of the Youghiogheny river, to the owners of coal mines on that side, the means of transporting their coal to market at all seasons of the year, without being dependent on the slack water navigation of said river, which then already was in a state of utter dilapidation. The means by which this certainly advantageous object could be accomplished, was, in the writer's mind, besides the construction of said railway, which could have terminated at McKeesport, or at any other convenient point further up stream, the building of a kind of moveable sectional bridge, propelled by steam, in the shape of a ferry boat, with a platform erected on the deck, high enough to be level with a platform at the terminus of said railway, and a platform of a side track of the Connellsville railroad, constructed on the right bank of the Youghiogheny.

Although the suggestion seemed not altogether impracticable to the gentleman who then was also one of the directors of the Connellsville Railroad, and though he granted that the project might prove an important auxiliary or feeding branch to the Connellsville road, yet considering the then crippled state of the financial affairs of said road, and the great improbability that it would or could be undertaken by private enterprise, he thought there was no prospect for a realization of the plan, and so we dropped the matter.

And now, after the lapse of ten years, a very similar project has been practically and successfully carried out on a much larger scale on the Lake of Constance, the details of which I take from a German paper, devoted exclusively to news from Germany and Switzerland.

While the most expert civil and military engineers of France and England tax their ingenuity to discover a means by which to transport entire railroad trains, without the irksome, laborious and time-consuming trouble of unloading and reloading the cars, either *across* or *under* the British Channel or Straits of Calais and Dover, from the French to the English coast, and vice versa, a contrivance for a similar purpose has been constructed on the comparatively small, but-by-five-sovereignties-bordered Lake of Constance, which has already proven not only perfectly practicable, but also entirely reliable. This novel contrivance is by the republic of Switzerland and the kingdom of Wirtemburg, jointly built the so-styled *Traject-boat*, the mission of which is to connect the termini of the Wirtemburgian railroad at Friedericks-hafen (Fredericksport) and of the Swiss northeast line at Romanshorn, in a most expeditious way, so that the transhipping of passengers and freight is altogether avoided.

This Traject-Boat was designed by the English engineer, Russell Scott, Esq., the renowned builder of the "Great Eastern." There is not the least doubt, as Mr. Scott remarked in a toast at the initiation festivity, that this first Traject-Boat will furnish to the French and English a model to traverse the "Pas de Calais" in a far more simple and decidedly cheaper manner than by a gigantic bridge *over*, or a stupendous tunnel *under* a strait of two oceans at a cost of almost uncountable millions. It really seems now most singular, to those who have witnessed the complete success of the Traject-Boat, that this problem, apparently so simple, should not have been solved long ago in this plain manner.

The Traject-Boat has a length of two hundred and forty-five feet, and the side-wheel boxes or cases, included, a breadth of sixty-four feet, and a draught of but six feet; on the deck is erected a platform thirty feet high. From this platform, eighty-five by sixty-four feet, the captain issues his orders by means of three speaking tubes to the crew in the engine rooms, on deck and the steerage quarters. The boat is supplied with *two* rudders, one at either end, which are guided from the platform, to avoid turning; which, however, can be done with ease, as it readily obeys its rudders. The diameter of the side wheels measures twenty-five feet and the breadth eight feet; each wheel has twenty-four paddle boards. The wheels are independent of each other and are each propelled by one hundred horse power engines, strictly constructed after the models in the Great Eastern. The oscillating cylinders have a diameter of 3½ feet and a piston stroke of 6¼ feet. Two double boilers for each engine generate the required steam, and consume about three tons of coal during each trip.

To regulate the height of the platform correspondingly with the stage of the water and the level of the shore platforms, there are chambers in the hull of the boat into which water is pumped to sink or raise it at one end or the other. The pumping is done by a separate engine, which also works the capstan.

The projecting shore platforms are constructed of iron and movable, so that they can likewise be raised or lowered to secure the necessary level of the track.

Thus a train of sixteen cars, after being pushed on the platform of the boat by the locomotive on one shore, and after the locomotive and tender are unhitched, will be conveyed across the lake, a distance of about fourteen English miles, in a much shorter time than any other steamer can make and does make, to the opposite shore, where a locomotive is in waiting to take off the train and start directly ahead on its tour.

What an enormous advantage this actually simple and comparatively cheap means of traversing a sheet of water with an entire railroad train in such an easy, as well trouble as time-saving, manner affords, can only be duly appreciated by men conversant with the nature of transportation.

Of course, in comparison to similar Traject Boats, which undoubtedly will pass ere long to and fro on the English Channel between France and Great Britain, the present one, plying now on the Lake of Constance, will appear at last only a miniature model; but as it is, it seemed on its first trip on said lake, to the people along its shores, of a Leviathan size.

One cannot help to hope that this novel and invaluable mode of transportation of *entire railroad trains* across lakes and rivers will soon be introduced also in our country, and that it will supersede in the end the necessity of building precarious and obnoxious bridges at enormous costs to railroad companies over navigable streams, whereby not only free navigation is obstructed, but much bitter contention caused between interested parties, as it is now the case *between the B. & O. R. R. Co. and our shippers.*

To secure deep enough channels for such Trajectboats, or *floating railroad bridge sections, propelled by steam*—as I have styled them at the head of this article by way of circumscription—across rivers from abutment to abutment, can certainly not be considered an insurmountable obstacle, since we have bagger machines and many other serviceable mechanical appliances for the purpose. And as to the construction of such Trajectboats and the shore platforms, the models are now ready at hand, and American ingenuity will certainly not be at a loss successfully to imitate and even improve them.

Let us all devoutly hope that our railroad companies will, in their own interest, readily take up the preceding suggestions, and thus obviate the obstruction of free commercial highways. J. F. Z.

Took Poison by Mistake.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CAMBRIDGE CITY, IND., April 28.—Judge M. H. Johnson, of Centreville, came to this city this morning on a visit to his father, who is an old and prominent physician. His mother, who is sick, had in her room a bottle containing aconite and one containing tincture of gentian, and, through mistake, the Judge took a swallow of the aconite for gentian, which produced death in less than thirty minutes, in spite of every effort that could be used to counteract the poison. This is a sad calamity, and has thrown a deep gloom over our city. The Judge is well known in Indiana; was Judge of the Criminal Court, and was highly respected as an attorney and as a man.

Kentucky State Fair.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, April 28th.—The Directors of the Kentucky State Agricultural Society met this morning and decided to hold the next annual State Fair on the grounds of the Jefferson County Association in this city, commencing September 13th, and continuing through the week. There will be offered for contest a large and fine list of premiums. The Directors are determined to make it the most attractive Fair ever held in Kentucky.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The grand jury at Quebec, Canada, has found a true bill against the boy Chalmer, for shooting Ensign Whittaker.

—Rufus C. Nash and Chas. H. Squires two of the most expert counterfeiters in the country, have escaped from jail at Albany, N. Y.

—Gilbert Robertson, a jeweler, was found murdered in his store at Rye, N. Y. His skull was crushed in by a gun barrel, and he was robbed of seven hundred dollars.

—Walbridge C. Field, for three years past Assistant United States District Attorney at Boston, has been appointed to a corresponding position at Washington by Attorney General Hoar.

—The dramatic company of the Olympic Theatre, of St. Louis, have chartered a steamer for five months, and will sail along the Ohio river, exhibiting at different towns, leaving here May 10th.

—In New York City, on Tuesday, at No. 55 Amity street, Edward J. Martin, son of the proprietor of the Southern Hotel, shot and probably mortally wounded Mattie Brienslow, a married woman, boarding at the house.

—The jury in the case of Henry Burlew, in the U. S. District Court at Covington, failing to agree, were discharged on Monday by Judge Ballard. Burlew was charged with making false statements as to the amount of tobacco on hand.

—About half the town of Helena, Montana, was burned Tuesday night. Ninety-eight business houses and about forty residences were destroyed, Loss $500,000. The homeless people are encamped on the hill overlooking the town, and are in a pitiable state.

—A girl named Reilley, aged thirteen years, residing in Orange, four miles from New Haven, Conn., while passing along a road between the two places on Tuesday evening, was assaulted by a negro, dragged into the woods and violated. The villain made his escape.

—In the United States District Court, at Savannah, Ga., yesterday, in the case of Wm. Houn vs. the James River Insurance Company, the defendants' counsel demanded the jury should subscribe to the iron clad oath of the act of June 17th, 1862, which was read to the jury, when every juror left the box and the trial fell through for want of a jury.

—The trial of Joseph Telyea, James Drury, John Bebee, Oliver Decello and Michael Gallagher, the five policemen indicted by the grand jury, some time since, on a charge of manslaughter, in connection with the death of the late Judge Tyler, commenced in Chicago yesterday, in the Cecorder's Court. Several witnesses were examined, but as yet no important testimony has been given.

—Martha Sprague, white, and Alex. Cornell, colored, have been arrested at Peekskill, N. Y., charged with murdering an infant belonging to the former. The woman states Cornell took the child alive, sewed it up in a bag and carried it away from her house. The body was found in Foundry Pond Monday evening, partly encased in a bag or sheet.

—At Watertown, N. Y., L. S. Pratty's cotton mill took fire Tuesday night, and was burned down. The remnant which the flood left of Kimball's barley mills was also burned. H. H. Babcock's pump manufactory took fire several times, but was extinguished without much damage. Insurance on cotton mill, $15,000. There was very little stock in the building.

Cardinal Cullen on the Freemasons.

A Dublin letter to the *Pall Mall Gazette* says:

"The Roman Catholics are violently agitated by the Cardinal's last unmistakable condemnation of Freemasonry. His mixing up all secret societies together was believed to have been an error, but the postscript to the clergy removes all doubt. A Freemason is *ipso facto* excommunicated. Several respectable gentlemen who have for years been sinning without knowing it, have publicly recanted their errors 'for the present,' or in other words, have withdrawn their names from the lodges to which they belonged; but the female portion of Dublin society is by no means so willing to submit to his Eminence's tyranny, since he expressly forbids them to attend the forthcoming Freemasons' ball, when the craft, headed by the Duke of Leinster, who is grand master, entertains Prince Arthur at the Exhibition building. Women are devoted to their spiritual advisers and ready to yield implicit obedience in all ordinary matters, but they do not hesitate now to express their belief that Dr. Cullen, in proscribing the ball, has exceeded the limits of his spiritual jurisdiction, and the propriety of refusing to obey has been openly discussed. Nevertheless, it is certain that very few, if any, Roman Catholics will attend, and Protestants must make up their minds to dance alone with Protestants."

The Chassepot.

A correspondent of the *Nord* gives the following details of the Chassepot musket: "Experiments with this arm have shown that the present military manœuvres must necessarily be changed. The execution made with it is such that entire battalions would be swept down as if by a cannonade. The men must present the smallest surface possible. They must be taught to spread themselves out as sharpshooters, and to form groops behind trees and on advantageous positions. A proposal was made that, when the troops are formed in line of battle, they should dig a trench and throw up the earth before them to form a rampart; but for that to be done the solders must be armed as as sappers, and some time would be necessary to execute such entrenchments. As a substitute, the men's knapsacks will be piled before the first line. In any case the formation of squares will be entirely abandoned, as they do not resist the enemy, and the troops on the flanks cannot fire. At present, to resist the heaviest shock of cavalry, all that will be necessary is two lines, the second of which will load the arms of the first. The part to be played by mounted soldiers in battle appears to be so much reduced that three-fourths of them might be suppressed, the heavy cavalry especially. The only use of the horse will now be to make reconnoissances or pursue fugitives. In the next campaign a matter of importance will be for the army to understand the power of the musket and not fall into confusion before the Prussian needle-gun. The war should necessarily be a work of attack and not of defence, as what is wanted is not so much troops who stand firm as soldiers who advance. The Zouaves and native regiments of Algeria would be of great utility."

SHOULDER BRACES.

The value of these appliances to human health, and to promote and extend human life, can scarcely be over estimated. When we contemplate the vast number of individuals who have acquired the habit of stooping, and look at the many crooked and ill-shaped persons, the usefulness of these appliances are forcibly suggested to our minds. And it is not merely to those who suffer in the deprivation of health that we speak; thousands of others who are apparently secure in its enjoyment would be compensated a thousand times by the constant wearing one of these useful, we might say necessary, articles of human apparel. The narrow and contracted chest is as much a subject for proper physiological training as is the maintaining and keeping the stomach and other vital organs in a healthful and proper condition, to duly perform their appropriate functions. Every one understands, without a newspaper admonition, that if a leg or arm be broken, an artery severed, or a rupture anywhere shows itself, that these are objects worthy of our deepest care and solicitude. Then why not, when you observe the human body becoming incurvated, the chest contracting into an hour glass shape, and the other vital powers sinking to decay—why not seek out a remedy that will correct these growing evils, which not only concern your present ease and comfort, but likewise the future prospect of yourself and those of your immediate kindred who will one day occupy your places in life? The cost in money is a mere trifle. The remuneration to the health and strength can hardly be weighed in the same balance. It ought to be remembered that the spinal column is not only of primary importance to the physical, but likewise to the mental well being. The health of the human body is as much responsible to the position of the organs, and their being in place, as it is to physic and due regulation of diet and regimen. We have known persons, hundreds of them, with narrow and hollow chests, who scarcely took in air enough to vitalize half the blood, speedily restored to health without an ounce of medicine, so called, by the use of one of the Shoulder Braces. We have known others who have enlarged the capacity of the chest as much as six or seven inches in circumference by the same means, and who can doubt their utility in all cases where the tendency to consumption or any other of the diseases of the respiratory organs are at all imminent.

These Braces are sold and applied at, also all other mechanical appliances, at DR. KEYSER'S NEW MEDICINE STORE, NO. 167 LIBERTY STREET, TWO DOORS FROM ST. CLAIR, AND AT HIS CONSULTATION ROOMS, No. 120 PENN STREET, from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M. ap24

AN ABSOLUTE SAFEGUARD.

Invalids, broken down in health and spirits by Chronic Dyspepsia, or suffering from the terrible exhaustion which follows the attacks of acute disease, the testimony of thousands who have been raised as by a miracle from a similar state of prostration by HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, is a sure guarantee that by the same means *you* too may be strengthened and restored. But to those who stand in peril of epidemics, to all who, by reason of exposure, privations and uncongenial climate or unhealthy pursuits, may at any moment be stricken down, this paragraph is most *particularly* and *emphatically* addressed. You, who are thus situated, are proffered an absolute safeguard against the danger that menaces you. Tone and regulate the system with this harmless medicinal Stimulant and Alterative and you will be forearmed against the maladies whose seeds float around you in the air unseen. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS are not only a Standard Tonic and Alterative throughout the United States, but they are accredited by the certificates of the most distinguished citizens of the Union, to the people of all other lands. In Canada, Australia and the West Indies, they are gradually taking the place of all other stomachics, whether native or foreign, and as surely as truth is progressive and demonstration throws doubt, they will eventually supersede every other Invigorant and Restorative now employed in medicinal practice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LEONARD S. JOHNS, Attorney- AT-LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, having removed from his old stand, No. 79 Fourth avenue to No. 85 FIFTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, (opposite GAZETTE office,) will particula ly attend to the Collections of Accounts and Rents, and will as usual take depositions, Acknowledgments, Probates, &c., and execute Conveyancing and all Legal Writings. ap21:h76

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., April 28th, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading and Paving of FULTON STREET, from Ohio to Washington Avenues; also, for the Grading and Paving of Concord street, from Chestnut street to Madison avenue; and also, for the Grading of Blossom alley, are now ready for examination and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer, until MAY 6th, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.
ap29:131

FEDERAL OIL COMPANY—. In pursuance of an order from the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, the Directors of the FEDERAL OIL COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of TEN CENTS per share, payable forthwith to the legal holders of stock in said company, on return to the Secretary of certificates or other evidence of ownership.

All parties are hereby notified that dividends, unclaimed for a period of six months, will be disposed of according to law.

By order of the Board.

A. B. MILLS, Secretary.
Office, Duquesne Way, 3 doors below Ninth st., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Pittsburgh, April 28, 1869. ap29:127

DR. GLEASON,
Of Philadelphia,

Will deliver his opening lecture to his celebrated course of six lectures on the "Laws of Physical Culture and the Art of Acquiring Health, Strength, Grace, Beauty and Long Life," at LAFAYETTE HALL, MONDAY EVENING, MAY 3d, 1869. Seats free to the first lecture. Dr. Gleason's lecture will be illustrated with the finest collection of models, &c., ever seen in the United States, costing over $25,000 in Paris.
ap20:130

ALLEGHENY TRUST CO.
BANK STOCK.
ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

On SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 1st, at 8 o'clock, will be sold at the Auction House, 159 Federal street, Allegheny, by order of the Administrator of the estate of the late GEORGE RAYNOR, 2 shares Allegheny Trust Co.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.
ap29

VICTOR HUGO'S
NEW BOOK,
THE MAN WHO LAUGHS.
PART I.
SEA AND NIGHT.
Price, 50 cents,
L'HOMME QUI RIT,
Premiere Partie,
LA MER ET LA NUIT.
50 Cents.

S. A. CLARK & CO.,
ap29 119 WOOD STREET.

FOR SALE.

ENVELOPES, CARDS, BILLS LADING, CHECKS, DEEDS, MORTGAGES, RECEIPTS and BLANK BOOKS

Of every description at the

STATIONERY WAREHOUSE OF
W. S. HAVEN & CO.,
Cor Wood Street and Third Avenue.
ap29:123

ARES & CO'S.
SPRING STOCK
AT
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY'S.

We are receiving this week by ocean steamers from England a fresh stock of the latest and most beautiful designs in English Tapestry and Body Brussels by direct importations from the manufacturers. We invite the inspection of house furnishers, confident that we offer the largest assortment and greatest variety of elegant patterns ever brought to this market, at the lowest prices.

Great inducements are offered in all grades of Ingrains and Three Plies, it being their constant aim to offer to the multitude, the fullest assortment of cheap and serviceable Carpets at lower rates than any other house in the trade.

No. 23 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"People will always give money where they have their money's worth.—*New York Daily Times.*

NUMBER SIX
OF
APPLETONS' JOURNAL
CONTAINS
A STEEL ENGRAVING
OF
EXQUISITE BEAUTY,
ENTITLED
THE RIVER ROAD,
FROM A PAINTING BY
A. F. BELLOWS,

Forming one of a Series of Choice Engravings, suited for the Portfolio or the Frame. This engraving is pronounced a gem, and will be followed by others from paintings by Church, Casilear, Durand, James Hart, Haseltine, Suydam, Fenn and others.

NOVELTY, VARIETY, AND FRESHNESS,
ARE THE
CONSTANT AIM OF THE JOURNAL.

From the hundreds of commendatory notices of the JOURNAL, we select the following:

(From the Commercial Bulletin, Boston.)

Appletons' Journal is one of the most elegant, as well as one of the cheapest, weekly publications we ever saw. How the publishers can manage to furnish such a beautifully printed and handsomely illustrated publication for ten cents is a mystery known to themselves.

(From the New York Herald.)

Number four of this new paper sustains well, as all its predecessors have done, the promise of number one—that it would be the handsomest, and, in general character, the best weekly yet published in the country.

(From the New York Times.)

Such business enterprise forecasts success; for people will always give money where they get their money's worth.

(From the Boston Evening Transcript.)

It combines some of the features of the magazine with those of a literary and critical and illustrated popular periodical,

(From the Philadelphia North American.)

The Journal is exceedingly attractive in every feature, and will bear a scrutiny or the most critical.

The Journal
CONTAINS 32 PAGES, EMBRACING
FICTION, TRAVEL, ADVENTURE,
AND INTERESTING ARTICLES UPON
Popular Subjects of General Interest.
THE GREAT STORY OF
VICTOR HUGO,
ENTITLED
THE MAN WHO LAUCHS;

Is continued in this number. For sale by all news agents. Price 10 cents per No., or $4 per annum, in advance.

D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
90, 92 & 94 GRAND ST., NEW YORK.
ap29:124

NEW PUBLICATIONS
READY THIS DAY.
D. APPLETON & CO.,
NOS. 90, 92 AND 94 GRAND STREET,
Publish this day:

I.

TOMMY TRY, AND WHAT HE DID IN SCIENCE. By CHARLES OTLEY GROOM NAPIER, F. G. S., author of "Food, Use and Beauty of British Birds," &c. With forty-six illustrations. 1 vol., 16mo, cloth. $1.75.

"'Tommy Try' is a book of popular science, having reference chiefly to botony and the habits of animals, and interspersed with a good deal of light story-telling and fun, with a view, we suppose, to rendering the science more attractive to youthful readers. The work reminds us somewhat of the 'Philosophy in Sport made Science in Earnest' of the late Dr. Paris, which many years ago was so great a favorite with the boys who are now middle aged men."—*London Review.*

I.

MANTILLA'S RECIPROCAL METHOD FOR LEARNING SPANISH OR ENGLISH. Metodo Bilingua para Aprender el Ingles y el Espanol. Por LUIS FELIPE MANTILLA. 1 vol., 12mo., 260 pp. $1.50.

"The special feature of this Method consists in teaching a foreign language by means of a continued comparison with the native tongue of the learner, employing, for the expression of any given idea, the pure idioms of each, with a view to obviate that unfortunate drawback upon the study of other languages, which is to be found in the almost universal loss of purity in the use of one's own."

III.

ELEMENTS OF LATIN GRAMMAR, FOR SCHOOLS. By ALBERT HARKNESS, Ph. D. 1 vol., 12mo. $1.25.

Either of the above sent free by mail on receipt of the price. ap29:125

VOL. I. OF VICTOR HUGO'S NEW WORK.

D. APPLETON & CO.,
NO. 90, 92 AND 94 GRAND ST., NEW YORK.
Publish this day
VOL. I. OF
THE MAN WHO LAUGHS,
IN FRENCH AND ENGLISH.
Price in either language, with steel plate portrait of the Author, Fifty Cents.

No work of recent times has excited more curiosity and expectation than this long-looked for novel. It is Victor Hugo's first attempt at the delineation of English character and life, and has been for many years his favorite task. It exhibits all the dramatic force, that insight into character, those humanitarian aspirations, that wonderful power of descriptive language, and that command over all the picturesque and dramatic elements in man and nature, which rendered *Les Miserables* the surprise and delight of every civilized people.

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THE MAN WHO LAUGHS. Part I., Sea and Night; also the same in French	50
L'HOMME RUI RIT La Mer. Et La Nuit.	50
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MISS ALCOTT'S CHARMING BOOK, LITTLE WOMEN. 2d Series	1 50

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ap29

ROCK THE BABY
IN
EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.
SOLD ONLY BY
LEMON & WEISE.
Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,
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Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. dec25

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

At 22 cts., White Marsailles.
At 12 1-2 cts., Extra Good Yard Wide Muslins.
At 6 1-4 cts., Fast Colored Calicoes.
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SHEETING MUSLINS,
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BRASS CASTINGS
MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.
Maleable and Grey Iron Fittings,
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Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.
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WALTHAM WATCHES,
3-4 Plate, 16 and 20 Sizes.

To the manufacture of these fine Watches the Company have devoted all the science and skill in the art at their command, and confidently claim that for fineness and beauty, no less than for the greater excelencies of mechanical and scientific correctness of design and execution, these watches are unsurpassed anywhere.

In this country the manufacture of these fine grade of Watches is not even attempted, except at Waltham.

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For Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Acidity of the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Heart-burn, Jaundice, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Intestines.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N Y Sold by all Druggists.
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HOUSES AND LOTS IN PITTSBURGH AND EAST LIBERTY;
LOTS IN MANSFIELD;
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FOR SALE.

Enquire of
THOS. SIMPSON,
NOTARY PUBLIC, 89 GRANT STREET, Office, back room.

FOR SALE.
FLOUR.

QUAKER CITY, best in the city;
WHITE ROSE CHOICE FAMILY,
ORIENTAL MILLS,
SWEEPSTAKES,
STONE MILLS.
Also, a choice lot of Seed Potatoes:
EARLY GOODRICH,
BUCKEYE,
PRINCE ALBERT, and
PEACHBLOW. By

MEANOR & HARPER,
AT THE WHITE FRONT,
ap26:h41 329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

SUNDRIES.

55 Sacks Pea Nuts,
7 Sacks Feathers,
11 Bales Cotton,
Now landing from steamer Kate Putnam. For sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
ap26

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OPENED THIS MORNING

AT 25 CENTS,

HANDSOME FINE

DOUBLE WIDTH,

CHANGEABLE AND

PLAIN COLORED

ALPACAS.

GREAT VARIETY

NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS

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VERY LOW PRICES

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WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

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TAGGART

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NO. 129 FEDERAL STREET,

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ap15

REFINED
FAMILY LARD,
PACKED BY
PROCTER & GAMBLE,
CINCINNATI.

Ask your Grocer for our brand of Lard in these Packages.

Packed in 3, 5, and 10 pound Caddies, 60 pound Cases for shipment. Cheapest mode for selling Lard. Send for Price List.

SOLD BY
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.,
PITTSBURGH.
And Grocers and Dealers Generally.
ap23:193

A GREAT SUCCESS!
DEXTER
WASHING MACHINE!

It washes the finest fabrics, without injury, perfectly clean in less than one-eighth the ordinary way. It does not rub the cloth, but performs the cleaning process by steam and the quick action of hot water; it can be operated by a child. Its great cheapness makes it accessible to every family and saves its own cost in doing away with tubs.

PRICE, $15.

Sold from the Manufactory, at

THOMAS MERKEL'S,
PENN ST., OPPOSITE THE FAIR GROUND.
AGENTS WANTED. ap15:h51

P. SCHILDECKER & SONS

Have returned to their well known location,

NO. 22 DIAMOND STREET,

Where they are prepared to furnish fresh every day a fine, large assortment of

CAKES AND BREAD

Of every description. Kept constantly on hand the very best Confectioneries in the city.

N. B.—Orders for parties, &c., will be supplied at the shortest notice and delivered to any part of the two cities.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Lunch Saloon.

Also, ICE CREAM SALOON now open and will continue so during the season.
ap27:112

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.
ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,
LIVERY, SALE AND
COMMISSION STABLES,
COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ap23:h1

NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS: each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED.—A first class Carpenter, capable of taking charge of a well established shop in the city, in which an interest will be given to a suitable person. This is a first-rate chance for an enterprising man to get into business. Address, W. S., BOX 8, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—Cook and Chamber maid. None but can give good reference need apply. Good wages given. Enquire at American House, 419 Beaver avenue, Allegheny City.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTS.

WANTED. — Two or four young men to occupy a furnished front room, third floor, without board, within ten minutes' walk of the Postoffice. Enquire at 116 Wylie street.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED — AGENTS — NEW BOOKS—200 ENGRAVINGS—The Farmers and Mechanics Manuel. A book of great value to every one. Send for 16 page circular! Also, LIFE AND EPISTLES OF ST. PAUL, ($3.00,) with introduction by Rev. Bishop Simpson. The only complete unabridged edition.

A. L. TALCOTT & CO., 96½ Fourth avenue, TTHS-T Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED — AGENTS — TO make an arrangement with a few reliable Men to act as State Agents for the sale of Dr. Ashbaugh's "Wonder of the World." This remedy is sold on the package system, not to be paid for until fully tested. I pay good Agents $60 per month, and large commission to distribute packages among families and to a few good men I will make a special arrangement for State Agencies. No capital required, but must give surety for capital placed in their hands. I furnish the capital. For confidential terms call personally, for a few days, on J. C. TILTON, 96½ Fourth avenue. ap3:tf

BOARDING.

WANTED — BOARDERS. — A gentleman and his wife, or two single gentlemen, can find good BOARDING and a very pleasant front room, second floor, by calling at No. 18 Wylie street.

BOARDING—An elegant front room, 2d floor, at No. 181 North avenue, Allegheny. Suitable for a gentleman and wife or two gentlemen.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

TO-LET.—The desirable *DWELLING HOUSE,*

No. 595 Penn street, furnished throughout, containing 10 rooms, bath room, &c.; good stable, carriage house, and large yard room. Possession given June 1st.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—OLD TYPE METAL.—About Two Thousand Pounds for sale by L. & W. NEEB, office of FREIHEITS FREUND, No. 143 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE—TYPE.—About 400 pounds MINION TYPE, nearly as good as new. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.—NEW FRAME COTTAGE of 5 rooms, hall and cellar, in 19th Ward, (late East Liberty.) Lot 60 by 187 feet; broad board walk from Railroad station. Price low and terms easy. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

A RARE BUSINESS CHANCE— Stock, Lease and Fixtures of an old established DRY GOODS HOUSE on Federal street, Allegheny, (near Market House.) Lease nearly five years to run. Apply at

128 FEDERAL STREET, ap26:h11 Allegheny.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—Country residence, 1½ miles from the Court House. LARGE FRAME HOUSE, containing 8 rooms, portico in front; good gardening lots, 50 by 320 feet; level and well located. Inquire of

WILLIAM S. BAYS & CO., 75 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.—Rare chance for the profitable investment of $15,000 in an established manufacturing business in Ohio, now paying largely. If desired by the party investing, he can have the managing of the works at a fair salary. Satisfaction, as to its paying, fully shown. For particulars apply to or address, CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue. ap29

FOR SALE.—Salt Works and 50 Acres of Land on Western Penna. R. R., 50 miles east of Pittsburgh. Works are along side of railroad, and are now in successful operation. Will be sold at a bargain, as the owner is too old to attend to it. Land is underlaid with coal and fire clay. From personal examination we must say this property is decidedly cheap. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue. ap29

FOR SALE.—Suburban Residence or Business Stand, and One Acre of Ground, situate in the borough of Braddocks, within two minutes' walk of a station on either railroad. The house is a neat frame of seven rooms, large hall and cellar; lot contains all necessary outbuildings, and an abundance of all kinds of fruit, good spring water in kitchen; ten feet from the house is a store-room 18 by 30, with a ware-room attached; store-room now rented and doing a good business. The location of the property is all that could be desired either for a country residence or business stand, or both. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue. ap29

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,
Containing About Two Acres Each.
ENQUIRE OF
W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,
195 Liberty Street.
mh15

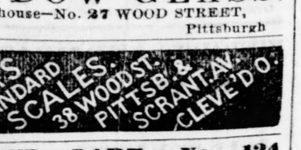
GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE. —FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 20 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon. Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD, fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, in easy payments, will purchase a TWO STORY HOUSE, nearly new, well built and in good order, five rooms and cellar. LOT OF GROUND, fifteen feet front on Fifth avenue by one hundred deep to Forbs street, situate ¾ mile beyond Soho bridge.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS, ap27 39 Sixth Avenue.

SPRING
HATS,
An Immense Stock at Low Prices, at
McCORD & CO's,
131 WOOD STREET.
ap1

JOSEPH TORRENS,
MANUFACTURER OF
WINDOW GLASS.
Warehouse—No. 27 WOOD STREET,
mh10:17 Pittsburgh



EDMUND LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturer of Warren's Felt Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for sale. ja5:30

NOTICES.

FOR REGISTER OF WILLS
JOSEPH H. GRAY,
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap29:129

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company of the United States, for the election of a President and six Directors, will be held at the Board of Trade Rooms at Burk's building, Fourth avenue, MAY 4th, at 10 A. M.

EDWARD JAY ALLEN, ap24:h97 Secretary.

RAILWAY NOTICE.—THE First Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the "Federal Street and Pleasant Valley Passenger Railway Company," will be held at Gray's Hotel, corner of Jackson street and Irwin avenue, Second ward, Allegheny, on TUESDAY EVENING, May 4th, at 7 P. M., for the election of a Board of Directors, at which time the Stockholders will receive their certificates of stock. By order of Board of Directors,

ap22:h85 W. M. CLANEY, Secretary.

FIRST WARD, PITTS-BURGH.

The Republicans of this ward will meet in the
SCHOOL HOUSE
THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock P. M., to make preliminary arrangements for the approaching County Conventions.

By order of the
ap29:122 COMMITTEE.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, 22D DISTRICT, PENNA., PITTSBURGH, April 20th, 1869.

NOTICE.—I WILL HEAR and determine at this office, until the FIRST DAY OF MAY NEXT, all appeals relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations of any assessments made by Assistant Assessors in their returns of the annual lists.

RUSSELL ERRETT,
ap24:h99 Assessor 22d District, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. Co., OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, PITTSBURGH, PA., March 24, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIREC-TORS OF THIS COMPANY have declared the regular Quarterly Dividend (No. 21,) of two and one-half per cent., free of Government tax, on the capital stock, for the Quarter ending March 31st, payable on and after MONDAY, April 27, proximo, at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co., No. 27 Pine street, to those registered at New York, and at the office of the Treasurer, to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The Transfer Books will close on Monday, April 12, at 2 P. M., and re-open Tuesday, April 27, at 10 A. M.

F. M. HUTCHINSON, ap16:h53 Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Pursuant to an act of Assembly, approved the 20th of March, 1869, entitled "an act relating to Interments in Trinity Church-yard, Pittsburgh," Public Notice is hereby given of the intention of the minister, wardens and vestry of Trinity (Episcopal) Church, after the 10th of MAY, proximo, to use a part of the grave-ground belonging to or connected with said church, as sites for new erections of Church and Chapel and for grades, and that Messrs. JOHN H. SHOENBERGER, JAMES M. COOPER, CALVIN ADAMS and JOSIAH KING, of the vestry, have been appointed a Committee to confer and arrange with the friends and relatives of all persons buried in the ground required for the purposes set forth in the act of Assembly aforesaid, for their retention under the new buildings or removal to other parts of the lot or to one of the rural cemeteries. One or more of the Committee may be found at the vestry room of the church at 3 to 5 o'clock P. M., on every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY until the 15th of MAY, at which time and place parties interested will please call.

By order of the Vestry.

JOSIAH KING, ap16:h59 Junior Warden.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL-ROAD CO.
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day of June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Div dend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

ap15:h46 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad.

Proposals will be received up to SATURDAY, May 1st, inclusive, for the

GRADUATION, MASONRY AND BALLASTING

Of the remaining 47 Sections of this Road, situated at intervals upon the 96 miles between Connellsville and Cumberland.

Specifications will be ready for distribution at the Pittsburgh and Cumberland Offices, on FRIDAY, the 9th of April, and all information necessary for the proper examination of the work will be afforded by the Engineer upon the line.

By order of the President and Directors.

BENJ. H. LATROBE, Chief Engineer.

OFFICE PITTS'BGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. Co., Pittsburgh, March 18th, 1869. mh20:g33:STTH

LEGS!
LEGS!!
The Artificial Limb Manufacturing CO.
CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF PENNA.
All Shareholders are Men Wearing the Limbs Made by the Company.

To those requiring a limb we would say that our own experience has induced us to establish a factory here that would make a comfortable and durable limb for a *reasonable price.* After trying a number of solid socket and padded socket legs, we have each found more comfort and usefulness in this "ADJUSTABLE LACEING SOCKET" than in any other made in the country. One of our number, a skilled mechanic, has charge of the shop. We have bought the right to use two of the best patents, and by our experience we hope to improve in every way that will add to the comfort, durability or appearance of the limbs we make. We have put the price of our new legs at $80. Persons from a distance are only detained in the city while the measure and a cast of the injured limb is taken.

The saving to purchasers, as compared with Eastern prices, is from $20 to $95 in the price of legs; at least $26 railroad fare, hotel bills and other traveling expenses, and then we are satisfied that our limb *will give better satisfaction than any one made in New York or Philadelphia.* If we can get orders, we can maintain our factory at the above price, and we therefore ask an examination before going elsewhere.

We make to order and keep on hand a supply of stockings, braces, and appliances for injured or deformed limbs, also, crutches, trusses, shoulder braces, &c. For further information or circular, containing many testimonial letters from those who have worn our artificial limbs, address ARTIFICIAL LIMB MANUFACTURING CO., No. 503 PENN STREET, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap13:h35 TTHT

AMERICAN BANK.
NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200,000.
Stockholders Individually Liable.
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, Jas. W. Arrott, Chas. B. Leech, John Floyd, John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.
ap29:h72 TuTh&S

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGED CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROW BARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and XLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

OFFICES AND WORKS.

Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh. mh9

GODEFFROY BRANCKER & CO.,

42 Exchange Place, New York,

Are prepared, as Sole Agents in the United States for the Prussian Mining and Iron Company of Duisburg, Westphalia, to contract or sell in quantities to suit purchasers, (delivered in either New York or Philadelphia,) the celebrated

V. G. SPIEGELEISEN

Used so extensively for the manufacturing of

BESSEMER STEEL.

This Iron is free from Sulpur and Phosphorus, and contains a heavy per centage of Manganese.

Full particulars, samples, prices or chemical analysis will be promptly forwarded on application. ja30:d76

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILW SPRINGS, ELLI.C AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 88 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, | REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, THIRTIETH, THIRTY-FIRST and RAILROAD STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER,

Attorney for the Trustees,

ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fouith avenue.

Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d67

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH

NOVELTY WORKS.

PITTSBURGH

NOVELTY WORKS.

Founded A. D. 1833.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

KEYSTONE STANDARD, (FAIRBANK'S PATENT) PLATFORM AND COUNTER

SCALES.

Jarred Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.

CORNER OF FIRST AVENUE & GRANT STS.

Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE....HENRY BIER.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

Cor. of Pike and Walnut Sts

PITTSBURGH.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

KNAP FORT PITT

FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariablyin Pits, in dry sand, and 18 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

no9:n59

DUQUESNE FORGE.

WILLIAM MILLER,

(Successor to JOS. P. HAIGH & CO.,)

Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street. ap14:b40

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLESS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions, Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. fa11:r62

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

PITTSBURGH.

Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

oc15:n28

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. mv6:n36

CENTRAL FOUNDRY

AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny,

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. ap13:

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT,)

Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

FORT PITT

BOILER, STILL AND TANK

WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS,
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:l89

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:c21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

ROLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks.

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke, Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET.

Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUSLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, FANCY (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

DYER AND SCOURER,

H. J. LANCE,

DYER AND SCOURER.

No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET

And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

FINANCIAL.

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY.

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

D. Hostetter, James Gordon, D. Wallnce, E. Fawcett, | Jno. C. Risher, Robt. H. King, Andrew Miller, James M. Bailey.

SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.

D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,

Cor. of Wood and Sixth Sts.

A. PATTERSON.....President.
JOS. H. HILL.....Cashier.

CAPITAL, : : : $500,000.

DIRECTORS:

A. Patterson, Wm. H. Brown, Chas. Lockhart, Dan. R. Davidson, W. S. Haven, | George W. Cass, R. H. Palmer Wm. Douglas, Wm. Reed.

DISCOUNTS DAILY, AT 11 A. M.

ap9:o22

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

ja9:1:882

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

JAY COOKE & CO.,

Bankers,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

OILS.

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,

133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

ap10

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,
Will cut Screws.
Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,
Adapted for high speed.
Spindle Oil, Wool Head-Light Oil, Oil, Tanners' Stuff- Benzole. ing & Finishing Oil, Gasoline, Harness Oil Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vaccuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL'S BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

Philadelphia Office—137 WALNUT ST.

ap1:w20

DIAMOND OIL WORKS,

H. M. LONG & CO.,

Office, DALZELL BUILDING,

fe13 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. E. SWINT.....J. M. BRATT

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descrip ns, done oct7:y8

CENTRAL AND UNION

PACIFIC RAILWAY BONDS,

The cheapest investment now in the market for sale by

PH. R. MERTZ,

Corner FIFTH AVENUE & WOOD STREETS.

Also, dealer in Government Bonds. Gold and Coupons and European Exchange at market rates. de21

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors o S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, April 28, 1869.

The proposed sale of gold by the Government to-morrow, amounting to one million dollars, if the bids are high enough, had the effect of depressing quotations from the highest point, 134, yesterday, but the lowest point touched was 133⅛, from which a sudden rise took place to 133⅞, closing at 133¾. It is expected that a temporary decline will take place immediately on the disbursements of May first, but a lower rate than 132 is not looked for, and as soon as the gold paid from the Treasury is fairly distributed, a rise will inevitably take place, even if the Government continues to disburse and sell at the rate of one million dollars per day.

Government Bonds sold up to 116⅛ this afternoon, from which point the market receded to 133⅛ for new bonds. the difference between old and new bonds is getting smaller every day and soon new bonds will command the same prices; there was a sharp rise in 10-40's which advanced te 107¾; the market is strong, but the advance no doubt will bring out sellers.

Stocks were sluggish early in the day and gradually declined on money being in better demand.

Money is easier.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 134; Silver, 126; Eighty-one's, 118¼; Five Twenties, 1862, 121⅝; do 1864, 117¼; do 1865, 119; do 1865, Consols, 116; do 1867, —; do 1868, 115⅞; Ten Forties, 107⅝; New York Central, 73⅜; Erie, —; Reading, 96⅞; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 3⅛7; Ohio & Misisippi, 33½; Michigan Southern, 99⅞; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 92¾; Chicago & Rock Island, 37; Chicago & North Western, 86¼; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 98; Adams Express Company, 61⅝; Merchants Union Express, 15; Pacific Mail, 93⅝; Western Union Telegraph Company, 42¾; Gregory, 4,05; Quartz Hill, 1,50; Corydon, —; Smith & Parmlee, 2,60; W. Am. Express 41.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, April 28, 1869.

The money market remains unchanged. The demand on call is freely met at 6@7 per cent, and the supply increasing. Sterling firm at 8⅞@9 for first-class bills. Commercial and bond bills scarce. Gold without decided change: opened at 133¾, declined to 133⅛, advanced to 134, and closed at 133¾. Rates for borrowing, 1-16, 3-32, 3-64, 1-62, 5 1-64, and 3 per cent to flat; and for carrying, 2, 1, 1-32, 4, and 5 per cent. Clearances, $93,000,000.

Governments are in good demand at an advance. The large houses are taking all the issues for shipment. To-day's steamer carried large amounts from all the exchange houses. The market is bare of '618, and '62s; '65s and '67s were most active, one house alone selling $1,000,000 of the latter at 116¼. 10 408 strong, and 1 per cent. higher at closing price. Coupons of '81, 118¼@118⅜; coupons of '62, 121⅛@121⅜; coupons of do. '64, 117¼@117⅜; do. '65, 118⅜@119; do. new, 116@116⅛; do. 67, 116@116⅛; do. '68, 115¾@116; 10-40s, 107⅛@107¾. Pacifics, 105¾@106.

State bonds are buoyant and higher: Missouri, 88¼@89; old Tennessee, 69¼@69½; new, 68¾@68⅞; old North Carolina, 61¼@62; new, 55¾@56; old Virginia, 58½@59; new, 62¾@63; Louisiana Levee sixes, 72¾@73.

The Stock market was buoyant until the regular board, when prices halted, followed by a decline. New York Central, Hudson, Harlem, Reading, Lake Shore, Michigan Southern, St. Paul and North Western were the features. In the afternoon the market recovered its buoyancy and there was a marked recovery from the low quotations made at noon. New York Central rose from 173½ to 174⅝, which stiffened Hudson and Harlem. In Western shares the speculation was chiefly on Michigan Southern and North Western. The former advanced from 99¾ to 102¼. The day's transactions in stock were over 3,000 shares. North Western rose from 86 to 86⅞, and preferred from 97¾ to 98⅝, with heavy dealings. The rest of the list advanced in sympathy, although the improvement is not so marked. The Miscellaneous list is firm. Expresses lower. Market generelly closed feverish, but quite strong on Michigan Southern.

Five-Thirty Prices.—Cumberland, 36; Wells Express, 36¼@36½; American Express, 41¾@42¼; Adams Express, 61½@62; United States Express, 64¾; Merchants Union Express, 15½@16; Quicksilver, 21⅜@21¾; Canton, 62¾; Pacific Mail 93¾@93⅞; Western Union Telegraph, 42⅞@43; Hartford and Erie, 22@24; Mariposa, 20@20½; preferred, 43¼; N. Y. Central, 174⅜@174½; Erie, 31½@31¾; do. preferred, 52½@53¼; Hudson, 155¼@155½; Harlem, 147½@147¾; preferred, 148; Reading, 97¼; Chicago & Alton, 160@162; Terre Haute, 39½@41; preferred, 68@70; Wabash, 73½; do preferred, 77½@78; St. Paul, 77¼@77¾ preferred, 86¾@86½; Ft. Wayne, 138¼; O. & M., 33¾@33⅝; Michigan Central, 127@130; Michigan Southern, 100¼@102¼; Illinois Central, 143¾; Pittsburgh, 93⅜@94½; Lake Shore, 101¾@101⅞; Rock Island, 137@137¼; Northwestern, 86¾@86¾; do. preferred, 98¾@@98⅝; C. C. & I. C., 48½; St. Joseph preferred, 112; J. C., 95; J. C. bonds, 120.

Mining shares dull; Quartz Hill, 150.

Copper Stocks at Boston—Copper Falls, 9; Franklin, 20; Hecla, 75; Hancock, 4; Quincy, 29½.

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury, $1,833,526; payments, $603,871; balance, $88,445,013.

Disbursement of coin interest $533,557. Exports for the week $4,471,655.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, April 28, 1869.

The general markets continue moderately active, with a fair volume of business in the aggregate, though business generally is not what it should be at this particular time. There is not so much complaint as to the amount of business as there is in regard to margins, which, under the influence of an active competition, are cut down to about where they were previous to the war. As we have repeatedly remarked, our people must bring themselves down to doing business in the old fashioned way, and be satisfied with smaller profits. This thing of making a fortune every year, is, to use a common phrase, about played out, and it is probably just as well that it is so.

APPLES—Scarce, and in demand; sales at $5@8 per bbl, for common to choice.

APPLE BUTTER—90@$1 per gallon.

BUTTER—Is quiet and unchanged, with sales of good to prime Roll at 35@38.

BEANS—Dull at $3@3,25.

CHEESE—Sales of new Western Reserue at 15@20, as to quality, and New York Goshen at 24@25.

CARBON OIL—Is quoted in a jobbing way at 29@30.

CORNMEAL—$1,75@1,80 per cwt.

DRIED FRUIT—In steady demand but unchanged. Peaches, 14@15 for quarters and 18@20 for halves. Apples scarce and in demand at 13@15, as to quality.

EGGS—Quiet and unchanged at 17@18.

FEATHERS—A shade firmer, and we now quote live geese feathers at 80 to the trade, and the usual advance in a retail way.

FLOUR—Is quiet, but steady, with a fair local demand, while prices are unchanged. Spring Wheat brands, $6,50@7, Winter Wheat, $7,50@8. Rye flour, $7@7,25. Fancy brands are quoted at $10@10,50.

GRAIN—Prime Winter Wheat may be quoted at $1,45@1,50 in the absence of sales. Oats scarce and firm at the recent advance; 69@70 by the car load and 73@75 in store. Ear Corn is still reported at 80@85 and shelled at 78@80, as to quality. Rye is in better demand but prices are irregular; we are cognizant of sales at $1,42@1.45, 1,600 bus. at the inside figure and 100 bgs at $1,45. No movement in Barley.

HAY—Continues very dull under the influence of continued liberal receipts both by rail and river, and compared with last week, prices are fully $3 per ton lower; we now quote good to prime baled, on wharf, at $28@30.

HOMINY—$5,75@6 per bbl.

HEMP—$215@220 per ton.

LARD OIL—Sales No. 1 Extra at $1,52@1,53. and No. 2 at $1,23@1,25.

MAPLE MOLASSES—Sales in gallon jugs at $1,50@1,75.

MILL FEED—Sales 2 cars coarse middlings at $1,65, and 1 car fine white do, at $2,10.

PROVISIONS—Are steady with a fair jobbing demand, but prices are unchanged at 14 for Shoulders; 16@16¼ for Ribbed, and 17¾@18 for Clear Sides; and 19¼@19¾ for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is quoted at 18¾@19, as to quality, and Dried Beef at 20½. Mess Pork $32,00.

POTATOES—Dull, with sales on track at 60@75 and 70@75 in store.

PEANUTS—Quoted at 11 cts.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is quoted at $9@9,50 and Timothy at $4,75@5, and little or none in market. No Flaxseed offering.

SALT—May be quoted at $1,83@1,85 by the car load, and $1,95@2 for small lots in store.

WHISKY—Dull and unchanged.

GROCERIES—The demand for sweets is but limited, and as prices have been very fluctuating for some time, there is consequently but little disposition to take hold; but the time is near at hand when prices must advance and maintain a steadiness unknown for some time. The active spring trade so confidently looked for by our merchants has come far short of being realized, and we may say that trade thus far has only been fair, and the demand for goods confined almost exclusively to the supplying of immediate wants. The steady decline in price of all kinds of country produce has contributed its full share to the general dullness which prevails throughout the country. With a money market growing easier every day, the promising appearance of all kinds of fall grain, and the favorable weather for spring planting which we are now enjoying, we feel warranted in predicting a speedy revival of a trade that cannot fail to be active and satisfactory; for notwithstanding the stagnation which has had sway for so long a time, our country is in a healthy condition and country merchants are able to pay for all the goods they may want.

SUGARS—S H, 11@11⅛; A A, 13; Havana, 13½@14⅛; Cuba, 13@14; Porto Rico. 13¼@14⅛; Demarara, 15¾@16; New Orleans, but little prime in market and sells readily at 14½@15½; lower grades, 13@14; Refined, C, 15¾; B, 16; A, 16¼; Hard, 17¼.

MOLASSES—New Orleans of good quality is in strong request and bring 85c; Porto Rico, 65@75.

SYRUPS—White Honey Drips, $1,20; Silver Drips, $1,60; Jersey, $1,10; Golden 85; Amber, 80; Common, 55@75.

COFFEE—Fair to Good Rio, 20@22; Prime, 24½@25; Choice, 26@26½.

RICE—Carolina, 10½ to 11c; Rangoon, 9½c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, $1,10 to 1,85, G. P., $1,10 to 1,90. Imperial, $1,40 to 1,80. Oolong, 85 to $1,45. Sou Chong, 90c to $1,50.

STARCH—Pearl, 7½; Silver Gloss, 12c, and Corn Starch, 12½c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—$8,00 per case

FRUITS—Layer Raisins, $4,00 per box Matt do, $8,25; Prunes, 14c; Currants, 14c; Valincia Raisins 14½.

SPICES—Cassia, 90c; Cloves, 45c; grain Pepper, 36 to 38c; Allspice, 33c; Nutmegs, $1,50.

BAR LEAD—12½c; Shot, $3,50 per bag.

SOAPS—"Babbit's," 12c; "Oakely's," 11½c; Rosin, 5 to 7c; "Dobbin's," 15c; Wax, 10c; Chem. Olive, 9½c.

CANDLES—Mould, 16c; Star, 25c.

BI CARB SODA—$7,50 per 100.

FISH—White Fish $9½ per half bbl. Lake Herring $4½.

TOBACCO—Navy 67@70, 10's flat 67@70; Spanish Roll 75's; Cut and Dry ¼'s ½'s and pkgs 28@30.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

Spiced Beef—Take a tender round of beef (six or seven pounds,) rub the meat with half an ounce of saltpeter, quarter of pound of brown sugar; let it stand in this for one day, then make a mixture of half an ounce of black pepper and a tablespoouful of mace, quarter of ounce of pounded cloves, mix well, and rub into the beef with a little salt, bind it with a cord, cover it with some finely chopped suet, bake it four hours slowly, add a pint of water.

Poor Man's Cake—One cup of sifted flour, one egg, one cup of pulverized sugar, a lump of butter, the size of a walnut, half cup of sweet milk, teaspoon of cream tartar; half teaspoon of soda; put all in a pan, and stir fifteen minutes; bake quick; this makes an excellent jelly cake.

Plain Buns—Four pounds of flour, one of sugar, a gill of good yeast, one pint of milk, with enough of the flour to make it the thickness of cream, let it stand two hours to rise, then melt one pound of butter, stir it into the other ingredients to make it a soft paste, let it stand one hour, mould it into buns as large as an egg, lay them in rows three inches apart on tins, set them to rise until their size is doubled, then bake them a good color. By adding seed they are called seed buns, or plums, plum buns.

Ice Cream.—For those living in the country, and not having a freezer, but plenty of milk, can make ice cream by scalding two quarts of rich morning's milk, stir in half cup of corn starch, beat six eggs and pour the scalding milk on the eggs, stirring well; when cold, add the extract to suit the taste, with sugar and a little salt; pour the mixture into a tin bucket just large enough to hold it; cover it and set it in a large water bucket; pound up the ice in small bits, pack it around the bucket containing the cream; mix a pint of salt with the ice, and let it stand for twenty-five minutes. It will then be ready for use.

Strawberry Ice Cream.—Take three pounds of nice strawberries, pick them, and rub through hair sieve; take one pound of pulverized sugar, take three coffee cups of sweet cream, mix all well together, and freeze.

HOUSE PLANTS—THE SECRET.

A lady who lives in the country recently showed us a box of flowers which she had brought to a friend in the city, the products of the plants in her own dining room windows. These were geraniums, roses, hyacinths crocuses, fine variegated leaves of the beautiful Mrs. Pollock geranium, a calla, and other things—all as beautiful as if they came from the florists. There are few private greenhouses that could afford a better cutting than from this lady's windowgarden. The secret of her sucess is this: She lives in an old-fashioned house, built before entries and halls were invented; the room is heated by an open fire-place as long as the weather will allow; a stove being put in only when the cold weather requires it, and no gas is burned. Gas and a furnace are very great conveniences, yet we doubt not that this lady's success in floriculture compensates for their absence. Every time the door is opened the air of the room is more or less changed, and the plants are under the very best circumstances that they can be in a dwelling-house. Let those who complain of ill-luck with house plants make a note of this and imitate the conditions as much as possible.

REMEDY FOR THE PEACH WORM.

There is a handy means for the destruction of this heretofore fatal enemy to the peach tree, which is practiced here—which has proved certain, beyond peradventure. It is simple, of easy application, and expeditious. It consists of the use of *boiling water* applied to the collar of the tree, in quantities varying according to the age of the tree—in small trees, say one inch in diameter, half a pint is sufficient, and a pint is enough for larger ones. Remove the earth from around the tree a few inches from the body and a few inches in depth, and just pour the water boiling hot on the exposed roots, and it will kill every egg as well as worm with positive certainty. It has been tried here time and again, upon trees that have been more than half killed, and a perfect restoration has been the result in every case. No danger need be apprehended from the effects of the hot water upon the trees, unless a large quantity is applied to a very small tree. When a large number of trees have to be operated upon, a fire should be made in the orchard for heating the water so that it can be applied boiling hot. Considering the importance of this remedy to peach growers who may not have heard of it, I deem it but common justice to give it circulation through the columns of your paper. Its certainty as a remedy may be implicitly relied upon. *Isaac G. Mask, in Country Gent.*

CURE FOR HOLLOW HORN.

In addition to the cures already given for hollow horn, I will give my cure. I have known many remedies to be tried for this disease, such as boring the horn on the under side, winding tarred cloths around the horns, slitting the tail, &c., and have known the following remedy to effect a cure, when these had failed, and have never known it to fail. As soon as you are certain that the animal has the hollow horn, take a gimlet (⅛ inch is large enough) and bore a hole, about three inches from the head, entirely through the horn, and put in vinegar, salt and pepper as hot as can be borne with the hand. In six or seven hours the matter will begin to start from the upper orifice, while the lower one remains dry. The matter will continue to flow until the cure is effected. Now here is a question for your readers, why does the matter start from the upper orifice, instead of the lower one?—*Cor. Ohio Farmer.*

TEST THE SEED CORN.

No ear of seed corn should be accepted as good until one or more germs have been examined with good eyes. The difference between a sound and a damaged germ can readily be determined on comparison. The former will be light colored, firm and bright; while the latter will be dark colored and soft. *Both ends* of the germ should be examined, as sometimes the point which is to form the root will appear sound and bright, while the other end, or point, which is to form the stalk, will be damaged; which I believe to be the case this year in some localities, caused, undoubtedly, by frost or freezing last Fall, before the corn was properly matured—"a word to the wise," etc.

STRAWBERRY WINE.

A strawberry grower in Western Pennsylvania has been experimenting in the making of strawberry wine. As the results of his experiment, he has succeeded in getting a superior quality of beautiful, clear and palatable wine. His process of manufacturing is as follows: Three quarts of strawberries, with the hulls on (for he mashes all up together) make one quart of juice. To this he adds three quarts of water and three pounds best sugar; putting the whole into a sweet barrel, and leaving the bung out for fermentation. These are his proportions for mixing. When fermentation subsides, the barrel is closed up, and the strawberry wine is ready for use, and will keep ten years and more.

ONIONS FOR POULTRY.

It seems strange that this esculent is so little appreciated, not only for use by the human family, but for poultry. Its curative properties do not seem to be understood, or else are much underrated. And as a preventive, it has no superior. A few raw onions, chopped up fine and mixed with the feed of young chickens act like a tonic, and are equally good for old fowls. The tops too are good. We remember, long years ago, seeing a maiden aunt chopping up onion tops and *rives* for the young turkeys, deeming it a certain specific against gapes, pip or other ills that fowldom is heir to. Three times a week is not too often to give them a taste—not merely a taste, but a good bite also.

VARIOUS ITEMS.

MANURE is greatly injured by lying in the rain. It should be sheltered.

THE *American Agriculturist* advises sowing a pound or two of white clover with the red clover and timothy in seeding down land intended for pasture.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Country Gentleman* says every time a colt, a calf or other young animal feels miserable, hungry, cold or tired, a mark to a certain extent will be left on the general figure.

WE know a cultivator who had heavy crops of plums for seventeen years in succession, his swine for these seventeen years, without a season's interruption, being allowed the run of the yard.—*Country Gentleman.*

IT was recently stated in a discussion by the Waltham (Mass,.) Agricultural Club, that a farmer in Holliston has raised cabbages on the same land for fifteen successive years, and always successfully. He manured his land with common salt, and watered his plants with lime.

IT is a mistake to suppose that the curculio passes the winter in the ground. It lives above ground in cracks and crevices of wood, bark, and the like, and is in the perfect beetle state.

A CORRESPONDENT informs the *American Entomologist* that by burying a few slices of onions in ant's nests he has caused them to abandon their quarters. The same paper learns from horticulturists, that two or three tablespoonsful of kerosene poured into the hole in their nests will produce the same effect.

A WRITER in the *Ohio Farmer* says that after the horse is nine years old a wrinkle comes on the eyelid, and every year thereafter he has an additional well defined wrinkle on the same spot. If, for instance, a horse has three wrinkles he is twelve, if four he is thirteen. Add the number of wrinkles to nine, and you will always get the age. As a good many people have horses over nine, it is easily tried.

OLD PUTTY, however hard and indurated, may be easily removed by running a hot iron over it, when it can be cut off with a knife almost as easily as green putty. To those who have plant houses, &c., and even for the purpose of reglazing-house windows, this will be worth trying.

TO MAKE VINEGAR FROM MILK.—To one gallon of milk add one gill of diluted alcohol, at 45 per cent., and when it has become sour separate the curd from the whey by filtering, and set aside the latter for a month or more, when it will be found to be good vinegar, containing no lactic acid. Skimmed milk will answer as good a purpose as any other, and in the country, where the so-called white wine vinegar is not always procurable, and even cider may be scarce for conversion into vinegar, this method may be sometimes very useful.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—In Cincinnati, yesterday, Patrick Burns was killed instantly by the falling of a derrick in Coleman's stone yard.

—Rev. George A. Durborow, twenty-five years old, Rector of the Church of Redemption, Philadelphia, died on Tuesday morning.

—The Presbyterian church, at Kansas City, was destroyed by fire Monday; loss not known. The fire is supposed to be the wosk of an incendiary.

—In the Assembly of the New York Legislature a bill has been ordered to a third reading removing the Capital of the State to New York City, by a vote of 44 to 28.

—A German named Charles E. Green, a Collector of the North American Life Insurance Company of St. Louis, has absconded with about one thousand dollars of the company's money.

—A runaway truck ran over and instantly killed two little children in Newark, New Jersey, yesterday at noon. The driver was arrested. The mother of the children attempted suicide through grief.

—Jas. Brennen, late general organizer of the Fenian Brotherhood, leaves Buffalo to-day as agent and correspondent to secure information as to the location of lands, for Irish immigration in the South and West.

—The Board of Directors of the St. Joseph and Denver Railroad have decided that the road should connect with the Kausas Pacific Railroad at the one-hundredth meridian. The work will be pushed forward rapidly.

—General Sherman arrived at Fortress Monroe yesterday from Washington for the purpose of presenting the officers who recently graduated with their diplomas. He will visit Portmouth Navy Yard and return to Washington by the way of Richmond.

—A Desmoines, Iowa dispatch says there are now but fifteen miles of track to lay to connect the Chicago and Rock Island and Pacific Railroads. The iron will probably be laid from the eastern end at a rate of a mile a day until the connection is made.

—The Louisville Mail Line Company has brought suit, at Cincinnati, against fifteen insurance companies of that city, to recover insurance, about $140,000 in the aggregate, on the steamers America and United States, which were lost in December last by collision and fire.

POLITICAL.

FOR SHERIFF,

JOHN H. HARE,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention.
ap26-D&F

FOR SHERIFF,

JOSEPH ROSS,

Will be a candidate for SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap21:

FOR SHERIFF.

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for SHERIFF, subject to the usages of the Republican party; and if successful pledge myself to devote all my energy to an honorable and faithful discharge of the duties of the office.
ap13:d&F H. S. FLEMING.

FOR SHERIFF.

I would respectfully announce to the citizens of Allegheny county that I will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the next ensuing Union Republican County Convention.

FRANK DUFF,
ap20:h70:DF Ohio Township.

FOR SHERIFF.

JOHN A. WATSON,

Of Elizabeth township, late private Company D, 79th Pa. Vols., will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. ap20,h73DF

FOR SHERIFF.

WILLIAM A. HERRON,

Will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh25:g19-d&F

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

J. F. DENNISTON,

(Late Brevet Major U. S. Vols.,) will be a candidate for nomination, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
ap27 1-3-D&F

FOR COUNTY TREASURER

COL. J. B. COPELAND,

Of Elizabeth township, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
ap23,h87:D&F

FOR RECORDER,

AUGUSTUS BECKERT,

Allegheny City, late private Fifth Excelsior Regiment. Lost a leg in the Second Bull Run Battle. ap27:114-D&F

FOR CLERK OF COURTS,

JOHN G. BROWN,

Millvale borough, late private Co. H, 102d Reg't Penna. Vols., subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap:6.

TO THE CITIZENS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY: I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for the office of CLERK OF COURTS, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. I would state that I ask the office but for ONE TERM, at the termination of which I would cheerfully retire, believing that there are others equally entitled to the honor and emoluments of the office, and as competent as myself. I will be under obligations to the citizens of the county for their support. Very respectfully,

JOSEPH BROWNE,
Late 102d (old 13th,) and 5th Pa. Vol. Regt.
mh23:g47

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

JOSEPH IRWIN,

Will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap27:118

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL BUY ONLY SILVER TIPPED SHOES.

For children. Will outwear three pairs without tips. ja25:d65-T:TH:S

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York.
mh19:g28-d&F

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—An Essay for young men on the crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ja19:d&F

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. ap28:p28

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE Diseases. Syphills in all its forms, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, &c., completely eradicated. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

PROPOSALS.

U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, PORT OF PITTSBURGH, SURVEYOR'S OFFICE, April 21, 1869.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that SEALED PROPOSALS, accompanied by proper guarantees, according to forms to be furnished on application at this office, will be received thereat, until 12 o'clock meridian, on the

FIRST TUESDAY IN JUNE NEXT,

For the supply of the Marine Hospital at (or near) this city with the articles of provision, medicine, &c., enumerated in said forms. The quantities stated are estimated with reference to the usual number of patients in the hospital; but the United States reserves the right to take more or less of said articles, accordingly as they may be actually required. If the articles delivered at the Hospital are not, in the judgment of the physician, of the best quality, and adapted to the hospital, he will be at liberty to reject the same, to purchase other articles in their stead, and to charge the contractor with any excess in cost over contract prices.

THOMAS STEEL,
ap22:h82 Surveyor.

RAILROAD LETTING.

St. Louis, Vandalia & Terre Haute R.R.

Proposals will be received until 12 o'clock M., MAY 5th, addressed to McKEEN, SMITH & Co., Chief Contractors, Terre Haute, Indiana, for the last fifty-seven (57) miles of this road. The work is of the most desirable character, comprising both very heavy and also light work. PAYMENTS, MONTHLY, IN CASH. Profiles can be seen at the office in Terre Haute, after April 26th.

J. IMBRIE MILLER,
Consulting Engineer.
TERRE HAUTE, April 16, 1869. ap21:h69

PROPOSALS will be received until MAY the 4th for Painting and Frescoing City Hall. Also, for extending the gallery. For plans and specifications, call on the Superintendent of Markets.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

SAMUEL KILGORE,
Pittsburgh, April 29, 1869. Supt. Markets.
ap28:121

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja8:29

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

Changing the Rates for Weighing Coal and other Articles, &c., in the City of Pittsburgh.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That hereafter the fees to be charged by the Weighmasters in the city of Pittsburgh, for the weighing of Coal Lime, Sand, Ice, Stock, Grain, Hay and all other articles, shall be for each load of coal containing less than 30 bushels, 6 cents; when over 30 and less than 60 bushels, 8 cents; when over 60 and less than 100 bushels, 12 cents; when 100 bushels and over, 15 cents. For each load of Hay containing less than 1 ton, 25 cents; when over 1 ton, 30 cents. For each load of Sand containing 1 ton or less 5 cents, and for each additional ton or fractional part thereof over 1 ton, 3 cents. For each load of Lime containing less than one ton, 10 cents, and for each additional ton or fractional part thereof over 1 ton, 6 cents. For each load of Ice containing less than 1 ton, 5 cents, and for each additional ton or fractional part thereof over 1 ton, 3 cents. For each draft of Grain containing less than 1 ton, 25 cents, and for each additional ton or fractional part thereof over 1 ton, 12 cents. For each draft of Live Stock less than 1 ton, 50 cents, and for each additional ton or fractional part thereof over 1 ton, 30 cents. For drafts of other articles, the weighing of which is not specifically provided for, the fees shall be for each draft containing less than 1 ton, 15 cents, and for each additional ton or fractional part thereof over 1 ton, 10 cents.

SEC. 2. The amount to be paid to the city by each Weighmaster shall not be less than 50 per cent. of all fees hereby authorized to be charged, unless otherwise specifically provided for, and each Weighmaster shall, on the first Monday of every month, make return to the Controller, under oath or affirmation, of the number of bushels, loads and tons weighed, and the amount of fees received by him during the last month, and pay over to the City Treasurer the per centage and fees to which the city is entitled.

SEC. 3. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of April, A. D. 1869.

JAMES MCAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap28

AN ORDINANCE

Granting Certain Privileges to the Company Incorporated by the Act of Assembly, Approved the 26th day of March, A. D. 1869, for the Purpose of Erecting a Bridge in the County of Allegheny to the Allegheny and Butler Plank Road, at or near the Mouth of Girty's Run.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That authority is hereby granted to the President, Managers and Company for erecting a bridge across the Allegheny river from Ewalt (now Forty-third) street, in the City of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, to the Allegheny and Butler Plank Road, at or near the mouth of Girty's Run, to enter upon, take, use and occupy such portions of Forty-third street and of the river front at the northern terminus thereof, including the landing, as may be necessary for the proper construction of said bridge, and to build and locate the abutments thereof upon and over the same, provided the same be used and occupied in such a manner as to facilitate access to said bridge.

SEC. 2. The said Bridge Company shall have like authority to change and alter the grade of said Forty-third street, subject to the approval of the Committee on Streets and of the City Engineer, in such manner as to render the approach to said bridge most convenient and easy.

SEC. 3. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of April, A. D. 1869.

JAMES MCAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap28

AN ORDINANCE

For Opening Herrons Avenue.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Herrons avenue. In accordance with the plan in the Engineer's office, and to appraise damages and assess benefits caused thereby. John H. Stewart, Wm. H. Denniston and Jos. Woodwell are hereby appointed, in accordance with the act of Assembly approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of April, A. D. 1869.

JAMES MCAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap28

AN ORDINANCE

For the Construction of a Culvert Across Larimer Avenue at Negley's Run.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the construction of a culvert across Larimer avenue, at Negley's Run, and to assess cost of the same George Negley, Samuel Crawford and William Barcafield are hereby appointed.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of April, 1869.

JAMES MCAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap28

AN ORDINANCE

For Opening Rose Street from Overhill Street to Devilliers.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and is hereby authorized to survey and open Rose street from Overhill street to Devilliers street, in accordance with the "City District Plan," and to appraise damages and assess benefits James Parks, Minus Tindle and Aaron Floyd are hereby appointed, in accordance with the act of Assembly approved January 6th 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of April, A. D. 1869.

JAMES MCAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap28

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.

PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to

FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.

This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.

PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.
PEARL MILL RED BRAND,
Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

INSURANCE.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,
OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
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INSURANCE.

THE IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Of Pennsylvania.

Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.

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This is a home company, conducted on the mutual principle, each policy holder receiving an equal share of the profits of the Company. Policies will be issued on all the different plans of Life Insurance, and being conducted on an economical basis will afford a safe investment to each policy holder, and thereby retain the money at home to encourage home industry. mh29:g33

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

OFFICE IN FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK BUILDINGS,

No. 41 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

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Capital All Paid Up.

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Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.

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NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

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ap6

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Office, No. 424 PENN ST.,

(IN NATIONAL TRUST CO. BUILDING.)

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This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

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INDEMNITY AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA,

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North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mn29:w15

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CASH CAPITAL PAID UP AND INVESTED FUNDS EXCEEDING $8,000,000 IN GOLD.

Insurance against Fire effected on Houses and Buildings, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, Steamboats, &c. Policies issued payable in gold or currency. ☞ United States Branch Office, 40 PINE STREET, New York.

All losses of the United States Branch will be adjusted in New York.

J. Y. McLAUGHLIN, Agent, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Office, 67 FOURTH STREET.

MR. McLAUGHLIN is also Agent for the Manhattan Life Insurance Company. se5:v72

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.

Office, 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

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PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips,	Capt. John L. Rhoads,
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Capt. James Miller,	Jared M. Brush,
Wm. Van Kirk,	Wm F. Lang,
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WM. PHILLIPS, President.
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AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee.....WM. HENDERSON,
Manager.....M. W. CANNING.

Brilliant success of the popular and versatile actor

Mr. JOHN BROUGHAM,

Last night but two of his engagement.
THURSDAY EVENING, April 28th, 1869, will be presented Mr. Brougham's great dramatic satire, entitled

THE LOTTERY OF LIFE.

Terry, the Swell, a scampish character on "the Chances,".....Mr. John Brougham.
FRIDAY EVENING, BENEFIT OF MR. BROUGHAM.
Brougham Matinee on Saturday.

SECOND GRAND

MASQUERADE

ON

VELOCIPEDES,

AT THE RINK,

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 29.

During the evening, the racing, fancy, trick riding, &c., in costume. There will also be an exciting *double* race between Napoleon Young, the celebrated runner, and one of our best velocipedists. Distance, 1 mile.

Admission.....50 cents.
Children.....25 "
ap28:120

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
H. W. WILLIAMS, Lessee and Manager.
THIS EVENING, Miss ANNIE GIBBONS, Miss EMMA LLOYD, Mlle. CONCHITA ROWZATI, SAM. COLLYER and his pupils, and the mammoth company, in the local drama called JOE KIDD, the Champion of the Ring, introducing a grand display of a Fistic Contest in the Roped Arena. Ladies' Matinee every Wednesday and Saturday.

BURNELL'S MUSEUM AND PARLOR MENAGERIE,

The Great Family Resorte.

FIFTH AVENUE, between Smithfield and Wood streets, opposite Old Theatre.
☞ Open Day and Evening, all the year round. Admission, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents.

A GRAND FAIR

Is now being held at "MILLER'S HALL, corner of Fifth avenue and Gist street, for the benefit of ST. AGNES CHURCH, Soho. Refreshments served and an excellent band of music in attendance every evening. ap6:g92 TTHS

AUCTION SALES.

BY H. B. SMITHSON & CO.

BOOTS, SHOES AND CARPETS *FOR THE MILLION,*

AT

SMITHSON'S EMPORIUM,

55 AND 57 FIFTH AVENUE.

Messrs. H. B. SMITHSON & CO., proprietors of the well known Mammoth Auction House are creating an excitement consequent upon the arrival of new goods which are being sold at remarkably low prices. Goods of every variety; the finest sewed boots, the most fashionable balmoral galters and anklet shoes, slippers, &c., blankets, flannels, cloths, cassimeres, cutlery and carpets. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods. Ladies', misses' and children's furs at almost your own prices. All goods warranted as represented. no24

FURNITURE, CARPETS AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, April 29th, at Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, 55 and 57 Fifth avenue, will be sold a large and fine assortment of new and second hand Furniture, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, &c., as follows:

At 9 A. M., large assortment kitchen utensils, cutlery, soaps, claret and sherry wines.

At 10 A. M., large lot new glass and queensware (Chinaware, vases, lamps, &c.

At 11 A. M., elegant oil cloths, window shades, fine oil painting, colored and steel engravings, &c., &c.

At 1½ P. M., special sale new ingrain, rag, hemp and stair carpets. Several pieces fine velvet and tapestry brussels, &c. After which, fine chamber and parlor suites, elegant marble top bureaus and wash stands, marble top centre and tall tables, sofas, tetes-a-tetes, divans, sofa seat rockers, castor and parlor chairs, card, dining and extension tables, elegant new damask and rep lounges, etageres, hat racks, walnut bedsteads, bookcases, wardrobes, &c. One fine seven octave Haines Bros. Pianos.

We would invite any of our citizens in want of parlor, dining and chamber furniture to call at 55 and 57 on Thursday and examine for themselves.

H. B. SMITHSON & CO.,
ap28 AUCTIONEERS.

MALT HOUSE AT AUCTION, ON THURSDAY, MAY 6,

At 10 o'clock A. M., will be sold on the premises

The New Malt House, No. 5 Penn St.

Having a capacity of about twelve hundred bushels per week. The attention of purchasers is earnestly invited to the above valuable property, it being one of the most substantial buildings of the kind in this country, and having all modern improvements. The above Malt House is built on leased property having 7 years to run from April 1st, 1869, at the annual rent of $545,00. Parties desiring to examine the premises, or wanting further information, will call at the office of W. H. GARRARD & CO., corner of Penn and Water streets.

TERMS AT SALE.

ALSO—At same time and place, 3 Wagons, Lot Harness, Malt Shovels, Watering Cans, 3 Platform Scales, 1 Pair

BUTLER HOMICIDE TRIAL.

(Continued from First Page.)

some length. He looked upon the examination as a preliminary hearing by magistrates, who had the right to call witnesses, could have called them a week after, or any magistrate might have done so six months afterward. Had testimony been taken against prisoner and the witness had since died, the deposition could have been offered here in evidence against him, and he recognized that the defence had the same rights which would be accorded to the Commonwealth.

Court overruled the objection, and humanity thanks God and takes courage. "The world *does* move." Judge McGuffin's friends may thank God for him that he has taken one good step forward.

At the request of the Court, Mr. Thompson read the record of the inquest. Before reading the deposition Commonwealth renewed objections. More arguments and explanations by the Court. Deposition was read to Court and jury.

[Reporter has already sent this deposition, and it has appeared in the GAZETTE's published reports. It will be remembered that English swears positively to having seen Taylor in church the evening of the murder.]

Mrs. Jane G. Swisshelm, sworn—Examined the wad taken from the muzzle of the gun, and all the scraps found in prisoner's carpet sack. All but two she believes to be fragments of the New York *Tribune*, of the day or week of July 5th, '64; thinks so because one scrap has a portion of the account of the dedication of the Gettysburg Cemetery, and other scraps, portions of other matter of general public interest at that time; because the quality of paper, degree of discoloration, and injury from wear are similar; the width of columns, variety of type, and style of composition, and making up are that of the *Tribune*. The two exceptions are scraps of the *American Citizen*. No one of the scraps shown can be any part of the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*. Examined the bloody wad and compared it with the *Weekly Dispatch* of Feb. 2, '61. Wad is a fragment of that issue. Type appears smaller than in the bound copy, but this is caused by the shrinking of the paper in being cut and dried and much crumpled. Of all the scraps shown this bloody wad is the only one that is any part of any number of the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*.

Cross examined, and nothing new elicited.

A. Wiseman, sworn—Lives in Butler. Is a watchmaker. Keeps a store. Has pistols for sale. Has a revolver with him, such as he sells. Had that kind for sale last summer. Calls them Sharp's revolvers. [Compares his pistol with the one proved to belong to prisoner.] Had them to sell last September. Was absent then, but on his book finds entry of such a pistol sold by his clerk. [Produces his book.]

Ferdinand Weigand, sworn—Was living here in September with Mr. Wiseman; he was away then; witness tended store for him; sold a pistol 10th of September; a four shooter, Sharp's revolver. [Examines prisoner's pistol.] Sold that kind of pistol; a young man bought it; about twenty or twenty-five years old; had light colored hair; points out prisoner as looking like him. [Prisoner stands up.] Is about his size; believes he is the man; he made the entry in the book; never saw the man before or since, but believes that is the man.

Cross-examination elicits nothing.

Andrew Strawnick, sworn—Is a gunsmith. Has worked off and on at it for the last forty years, and steadily for the last twenty years. [Pistol called for and is not in the house. Witness retires.]

S. W. Shannon, recalled—Says the paper used as a wad on top of the powder in prisoner's gun appeared to him as being a part of the same paper from which the stopper in the muzzle of the gun was made.

There was quite a suspense in Court waiting for the large pistol which some one had carried off. The jury had five minutes recess.

Mr. Strawnick, re-called—Was called on last night to superintend some experiments in firing a pistol. Put in one inch of powder and a paper wad on top; counted forty grains of No. 2 shot; put that in and a paper wad; had a paper the size of a person's head and set it up at a certain distance. [Recognizes the paper head.] Set it at eight feet distance; had a window sash with glass; had the head eight feet from the glass, and beyond it, at a distance of nineteen feet, a door of inch poplar; held the pistol within two inches of the glass and fired through at this paper head; nine shots went through; aimed for the temple and most of the shots went below the head. There were twenty-six shot in a space of twenty-two inches on the door, twenty-two inches from the centre; saw no shot that went deep; only three penetrated the door so as to stick in it. There were a good many marks on the door. The second shot charged as before and held the pistol close to the glass. [Shows the paper head at which he aimed.] Fourteen shot went through it, and scattered from crown to chin. A third shot, with the same charge, fired six feet from the glass; no shot struck the head. The door was twenty-five feet back from the pistol. The shot had struck far and wide, and none had penetrated the door. The first shot, two inches from the glass, blackened the sash around, and broke two parts of the pane out. The second, close against the glass, tore it about the same and only blackened it a little; held the muzzle against the glass. At six feet the shot struck the corner and took out a part of the sash. Had the sash firmly fixed and aimed, each time, at that part of it corresponding to the broken window at Mr. Candless'. The pistol was loaded to give it its best effect. Put in an extra charge. Thinks a charge fired from this pistol *might* penetrate a head. If two or three shot went together it might make a hole like a bullet-hole. When using common caps, had trouble to get the pistol off. She went off better with water-proof caps. Unglazed or half-glazed powder rammed in tight will soon spoil, but glazed powder not tightly rammed, in a clean gun, would stay good for three months. Has unbreached guns loaded for a month, and the powder poured out as good as from the horn. In a gun loaded immediately after firing, in the evening, the powder would be dry in the morning. After the gun had sweat, to load it, powder would stick together in the morning. The gun begins to sweat in two or three minutes after firing. Has seen caps after being on a gun three or four weeks that were perfectly bright. As long as the cap is kept dry it will be bright. Water-proof caps will corrode sooner than the common G. D. cap.

Cross-examined—Slugs will make a larger hole than round shot of the same weight. Slugs would be more likely to go together than round shot. A charge from this pistol might penetrate a human head, in some thin part. This pistol scatters more than usual. [Examines the gun.] Is a smooth bore; is made for shot or ball; a charge from the gun would have a much greater effect than from the pistol; would scatter less. At twenty feet it would hardly begin to scatter: will not say what effect a pane of glass would have on it.

Court adjourned.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for 15 cents per week; by mail, $8 per annum: 3 mos., $2.*

Federal Oil Company.—Elsewhere, by advertisement, it will be observed that the Federal Oil Company has just declared a dividend of ten per cent. on each share of stock.

Personal.—Mr. William Semple, the well known dry goods merchant of Allegheny city, and family, intend leaving about the first of June for an extensive tour through Europe.

Dr. Gleason, of Philadelphia, will deliver a free lecture, in Lafayette Hall, on Monday evening, May 3d, on the laws of physical culture and the art of acquiring health, strength, &c. His lectures will be illustrated with a fine collection of models, &c.

Committed For a Hearing.—Jas. Guert, arrested on Tuesday, an account of which we published yesterday, was committed to jail yesterday in default of two thousand dollars bail, for a hearing. The hearing was postponed in order to have the prosecutor present, who it appears resides in the country.

The *Evening Republic*, a new and spicy little evening penny paper, has made its appearance on our streets. It is published as an afternoon edition to the *Morning Republic*, by Col. N. P. Sawyer. Altogether it is a spirited penny paper, and we trust the enterprise will meet with the merited measure of success.

Water Pipe.—The work of extending the twenty inch water main on Butler street, in the Seventeenth ward, will be resumed in a few days. It will be remembered the pipe was extended to St. Mary's avenue last fall, and it will be continued from that point to a point two squares beyond the Cemetery gate. The pipe are being delivered this week.

For Register.—The name of Joseph H. Gray, Esq., the present efficient, capable and courteous occupant of the Register's office, will be presented to the forthcoming Republican Convention for re-nomination for the second term. Mr. Gray has made an excellent officer, and it would be a fitting compliment to one who has ever faithfully discharged his duties to award him re-election.

Who Sells the Liquor?—Yesterday morning three boys, aged respectively ten, twelve and fourteen years, were found lying on the Allegheny wharf, in a beastly state of intoxication, and were taken to the lockup in a cart. On arriving at the watch house one of the boys, and he the only one sober enough to speak at that time, stated that they had bought a pint of whisky from a dealer on Smithfield street. Who is he?

A Move in the Right Direction.—Several accidents having occurred lately in consequence of persons carelessly leaving their horses stand on the streets unattended by any one, the Mayor determined to break up the custom, in order to prevent other accidents and to protect the public, and commenced operations yesterday. The following persons were arrested and required to pay a fine of one dollar and costs each, for allowing their horses to stand on the streets unattended. August Meyers, Robert Birch, John Simpson, C. From and Fred. Bannarch. The officers are directed to arrest every person offending in this respect.

Happy Termination—Wedding at the Mayor's Office.

An incident occurred at the Mayor's office, last night, slightly out of the usual routine of business transacted there. Tuesday evening Miss Ann Elizabeth Morgan, a young girl residing in East Liberty, made information before the Mayor, charging Ulysses Stewart with seduction. She stated that she was only sixteen years of age, and that she had been seduced by Stewart under a promise of marriage, and was the mother of a child. She stated further that Stewart had requested her to meet him at Oakland at eight o'clock with the child. Officers McCready and Long, to whom the warrant was given, prevailed upon the girl to keep her appointment with her seducer, and they accompanied her and arrested him. He was brought to the lockup and declined a hearing, stating that he would enter bail for Court. Yesterday afternoon, however, he changed his mind and demanded a hearing, after the girl had returned to East Liberty, and positively refused to marry her. Last evening he again changed his resolution and concluded to make good his promises to the girl, and she was accordingly sent for and Mayor Brush performed the marriage ceremony.

The Execution To-day of Lane, the Wife-Murderer—The Scaffold Erected—Arrangements, etc.

The scaffold on which Louis Lane is to be executed was erected yesterday. It is very complete, and we dare say the best ever used in this Commonwealth to carry out the dreadful extreme penalty of the law. Sheriff Cluley, a gentleman of large practical ideas, designed the plan, and Mr. Thompson, of Hazelwood, constructed the gallows. It was in good working order last evening, and a great many persons visited the jail to obtain a glimpse of the grim instrument of torture. Some few gained admittance, but much the larger number were permitted to enter without satisfying their morbid curiosity.

Lane was engaged almost all day yesterday in prayer with his spiritual advisers and Sisters of Mercy. He completely broke down and was unable to assume any other than a reclining position. He was greatly disappointed on receiving a telegram through the Sheriff from his son at Cleveland, stating that he could not be present at the execution. We will not be surprised should the prisoner have to be carried to the gallows to-day, as his spirits seem to have completely deserted him in these, his few remaining hours.

A few cards of admission were issued to members of the press and others yesterday, to enter the jail yard to witness the last scene. The sounding of the great bell at noon will be the signal for the moving of the procession to death, and half an hour thereafter Louis Lane will have stood before the throne of his God for judgment.

A squad of twenty policemen will be detailed by Mayor Brush to guard the approaches to the jail, who, together with the Sheriff's special officers, will be ample protection against the intrusion of uninvited curiosity seekers. The entrance for those holding tickets will be from the Ross street side of the jail.

In to-morrow's GAZETTE we shall furnish a history of the prisoner, an account of his crime, his trial, and the last sad scenes of the execution.

THE COURTS.

United States District Court.

The May term of the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, will commence in this city Monday next, May 3d. There are now forty-two bankruptcy issues, civil cases and criminal prosecutions, for trial on the calendar, but the number will be increased by the bills found by the Grand Jury. The Circuit Court will commence on the Monday following.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

WEDNESDAY, April 28.—The case of Dickey & Co. vs. Bender & Co., previously reported, was resumed and concluded, but no verdict had been rendered when Court adjourned.

The jury was discharged until Monday morning, at which time jury trials will be resumed. The argument list will be taken up on Friday morning, to which time Court adjourned.

Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

WEDNESDAY, April 28.—Bowens vs. Armstrong, Dickson & Co. Previously reported. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $135,20.

Coal City Coal Company vs. Silverman & Co. Action in assumpsit to recover the value of a coal flat. On trial.

Court adjourned until Friday morning, and the jury was discharged. The argument list will be taken up on Friday morning, and jury trials will be resumed on Monday morning next.

Grand Fashionable Wedding.

A very large and fashionable audience was present at Trinity Church, Sixth avenue, yesterday morning, to witness the celebration of the marriage of Mr. Columbus P. Patterson, favorably known in business circles here and in Cleveland, where he is engaged extensively in the coal trade, and Miss Bell French, daughter of Joseph French, Esq., Superintendent of the City Water Works. The hour announced for the ceremony was eleven o'clock, but it was not until nearly half-past eleven that the bridal party entered the church. During the interim Mr. L. C. Houghawout, organist at Trinity, performed some excellent music appropriate to the occasion. The ceremonies were performed by Rev. Mr. Scarborough, rector of Trinity Church, assisted by Rev. Mr. Ludlow, of New York, and were soleum and impressive. The happy couple left in the afternoon for an extended bridal tour.

East Birmingham Council.

A regular meeting of the Council of the borough of East Birmingham was held yesterday (Wednesday) evening, April 28, 1869, Burgess Ammon in the chair.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Beck, from the Finance Committee, submitted the report of that Committeee, including the appropriation bill for the ensuing year.

The total value of taxable property in the borough is estimated at $846,607, and a tax of five mills for borough purposes, ten special, and seven and a half for water, fire and gas making, a total of twenty-two and one half mills, was levied, which will give a total of $19,048.

APPROPRIATIONS.

The following are the appropriations:	
No. 1 Interest	$ 8,000
" 2 Streets	3,500
" 3 Fire, Water and Gas	2,600
" 4 Salaries	1,916
" 5 Bell Tower	600
" 6	300
Total	$15,816
Allowance for lost taxes, &c	1,760
To Contingent Fund	1,472
Total	$19,048

The report was adopted.

Mr. Beck offered a resolution authorizing the Borough Solicitor to prepare an ordinance granting the right of way through the borough to the Monongahela Valley Railroad Company. Adopted.

Council adjourned.

Probably Fatal Accident.

Yesterday morning an accident occurred on the Cleveland & Pittsburgh railroad, near Jack's Run, which will probably result in the death of a bohemian, whose name is unknown. Between ten and eleven o'clock, as the express train (No. 20) on the Cleveland road, coming east, approached the point named, the engineer noticed a man walking on the track, whereupon he sounded the alarm whistle, and the man stepped off the track to one side, and the train proceeded until it was within twenty or thirty feet of him, when he again stepped on the track immediately in front of the engine, and before the engineer had time to sound the whistle the train had struck him, knocked him down and passed over his legs and one arm. The train was stopped and the wounded man, who was still living but insensible, was placed in a baggage car and taken to the Allegheny Depot, where he was left in charge of the depot master. Dr. Bucham was immediately notified and saw the patient within twenty minutes from the time the accident occurred, and decided that the injured limbs would have to be amputated. The left leg was almost severed immediate above the ankle joint; the bones in the right leg were crushed from a short distance below the knee joint to the foot, and the left arm was crushed and broken at the elbow. The unfortunate man, being still insensible, was removed to the basement or cellar under the "May Flower" saloon, on Federal street, opposite the depot, where he remained until half past six o'clock. At which time, Mayor Drum, having heard of the occurrence, sent a number of his officers and had the injured man removed to the Mayor's office. He searched for the city physician, but failing to find him he went Dr. Buchannan, not knowing that he had been called in the case. The Doctor, it appears, had been endeavoring to find a suitable place for his patient, but failed, as none of the hotels would agree to take him in, because he was poor, we presume. Drs. Buchannan and Haziet, we learn, amputated the limbs of the injured man last night, but it is hardly probable that he will recover, as it is thought he has received some internal injuries. He will be removed to the city poor house to-day if he is able.

A Compliment.

Few of our home artists enjoy so high reputation throughout the country as Mr. George Hetzel, and none are more worthy the bestowal of honor. Speaking of pictures on exhibition at the "Academy of Fine Arts" the Philadelphia *North American* says: "Of American scenery, we observe No. 74—View of Panther Creek, Cambria county, Pennsylvania—by George Hetzel, the celebrated Pittsburgh artist, one of the best landscape painters in America."

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—"The Lottery of Life" was again presented at the Opera House last night. It will be repeated to-night.

THE RINK.—Owing to the decided success of the masquerade on velocipedes at the Rink a few evenings since, the manager has been prevailed upon by a number of persons to give another exhibition of that chaarcter, which will take place this evening. In addition to the usual amount of amusement to be derived from the masquerade, an exciting double race, on velocipedes, for one mile, will take place. Admission fifty cents, children half price.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—There is no abatement in the attractions at the Pittsburgh Theatre, and the attendance continues as large as usual. Miss Annie Gibbons is the favorite this week.

Meeting of the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance.

At the quarterly meeting of the Sons of Temperance which commenced in this city yesterday afternoon, the Grand Scribe, J. C. Magerigan, presented a report of the proceedings of the order in this jurisdiction during the past year, as follows: Number of divisions in operation, one hundred and nine; number of members initiated, two thousand two hundred and fifty-three; number suspended, three hundred and eighty-three; expelled for violation of pledge, three hundred and sixty-nine; whole number of members, eight thousand five hundred and sixty-nine; increase during the year, four hundred and sixty; whole amount of receipts, twenty-seven thousand seven hundred and eight dollars; cash on hand and invested, thirty-nine thousand nine hundred and twenty-one dollars; number of temperance tracts distributed, fourteen thousand one hundred and ninety; public temperance meetings held, two hundred and four.

A public meeting was held at Mozart Hall, in the evening, at which Grand Worthy Patriarch John Shallcross was selected President. The meeting was held under the auspices of Division 42, at which addresses were made by Mr. Lee, Mr. Kerr, Mr. Shallcross and a number of other well-known temperance orators.

Mayor's Court.

On account of the excitement in the jail yard, to-day, the jail will be closed to every person, except those holding passes from Sheriff Cluley, and in view of this fact the Mayor held a Court last evening so as to prevent the necessity of keeping any prisoner in the lock-up all day, as he would necessarily have to do should there be any to commit to jail.

The first called up was that of W. F. Smith, a gentleman from the rural districts, who had been arrested during the day for disorderly conduct. The alleged disorderly conduct consisted in abusing his horse in a cruel manner. He was required to pay a fine of five dollars and costs.

John Simmons was the next victim, and was charged with drunkenness. He stated that he was a stranger in the city, having been here but three or four days, and feeling lonesome he had taken several drinks. He was required to pay a fine of one dollar and costs.

Richard Jackson was next called up. He had been arrested for drunkeness, and was required to pay a fine of one dollar and costs.

The irrepressible Sadie Freel, *alias* Robinson, &c., was brought in just as the court was about to adjourn. Sadie had, as usual, been indulging freely in intoxicating liquors and was exceedingly drunk. She was sent up for thirty days.

CINCINNATI.

Child Killed—School Teacher Run Over—Gen. Pope.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, April 28.—A boy seven years old, named Krell, fell off a cart yesterday. The wheels passed over his head, causing instant death.

The Chillicothe accommodation train run over and killed Miss Eva Strong this morning, at Blanchester. She was school teacher at that place and was walking on the track.

Major Gen. Pope arrived in the city this morning. He is stopping at the Burnet House.

The Protestant Episcopal Delegate Mission meeting in this city closed to-night. Bishop McIlvaine, of Cincinnati, and Rev. Dr. Haight, of New York, delivered addresses.

Amount of Whiskey Defrauders.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAVANNAH, April 27.—Under warrants issued by the U. S. Commissioner, A. S. Bigelow of N. Y. and J. Adler were arrested, charged with connection with whisky frauds. Both were released under bonds to appear at the May term of U. S. Court. It is rumered startling advelopments in this connection will soon be made by the Grand Jury.

Markets by Telegraph.

LONDON, April 28.—Consols for money, 93⅝; for account, 93⅝@93¾. Five-Twenties are quiet 80¾. Stocks are quiet; Erie, 21¾; Illinois Central, 98¼; Atlantic and Great Western, 24. Tallow 44s. Sugar active at 28s. 6d. on spot. Turpentine 30s. 9d.

ANTWERP, April 28.—Petroleum dull at 53¼ francs.

HAVRE, April 28.—Cotton quiet and unchanged.

FRANKFORT, April 28.—Bonds at 87¼.

LIVERPOOL, April 28.—Cotton is dull; middling uplands at 11⅝d; Orleans at 12⅛d; sales of 1,000 bales. California white wheat 9s. 10d.; red western, 8s. 4d. Flour at 21s. Corn at 26s. 3d. for new mixed. Oats 3s. 5d. Barley 5s. Peas 38s. 6d. PORK 104s. Beef 90s. Lard 71s. Cheese 81s. Bacon 61s. Common Rosin 5s. Petroleum unchanged. Tallow 45s. 3d. Turpentine 29s.

NEW ORLEANS, April 28.—Cotton easy at 28c for middlings; sales, 1,600 bales; receipts, 519 bales; no exports. Gold, 124⅜. Exchange sterling, 145¾. New York sight, ¼ premium. Sugar dull at 10@11c for common, and 13½c for prime. Molasses unchanged. Flour dull at $5,70 for superfine, $5,75@6,00 for double extra, and $6,25 for treble extra. Corn quiet at 75@77c for white. Oats, 75c. Bran, $1.59@1,60. Hay at $30,00 for prime. Bacon, 13¼@17½c. Lard dull at 18¼c for tierce, and 19½c for keg. Whiskey firmer at 90@95c for western rectified. Coffee unchanged.

BUFFALO, April 28.—Flour steady, at $5,50@6,00 for city ground No. 1 and 2 spring. Wheat dull; sales of 3,500 bush white Canada on private terms. Corn dull; sales of ten car loads of new at 75@76c on track. Oats dull; sales of 1,000 bush western at 69c in store. Seeds in fair request for timothy; sales of 300 bags at $4,00@4,25. Other articles dull and unchanged.

NASHVILLE, April 28.—Cotton inactive for low middlings, and 24¼c for good ordinary; stock 4,556 bales.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—Flour dull at $4,37½@5,25. Wheat at $1,50 for good shipping. Legal Tenders 76.

ST. LOUIS.

The Grain Association—Troops Moving—Soldier Killed—Suicide.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, April 28.—A cable dispatch received to-day from Budgett & James, of Bristol, England, announces their desire to take one thousand shares in the St. Louis Grain Association, and directs the proper person here to draw on them on sight for the amount.

The towboat Mohawk and barges, with one hundred and seventy-five thousand bushels of grain for St. Louis, passed through Rock Island Bridge to-day. Dispatches from New Orleans say that tonnage for New York and Liverpool is abundant at this port. Freight, in bulk grain, per steamer to New York, is ten cent per bushel, and to Liverpool eight pence. The Merchants' Exchange here have established the grades of spring, superfine, extra, double and treble extra flour, the same as New Orleans standard. A prominent merchant of New Orleans, now here, says sufficient money can be raised in that city to fully co-operate with the Grain Association here in its efforts to divert the grain trade of the north west to the Missouri River Route.

The 7th United States infantry, 776 strong, which arrived here last night from Florida, left this forenoon on the steamers War Eagle and Colorado for Omaha, where it will be consolidated with the 36th infantry. It will then proceed to the forts on the Missouri river. While Henry Appo, a private in Co. K, of the 7th infantry, was cleaning his rifle, this morning, on board the steamer Colorado, it was discharged, the ball entering his stomach, killing him in about an hour. His remains were taken to the National Cemetery at Jefferson Barracks for burial.

Frederick Arnold, a German, committed suicide last night by shooting himself in the mouth with a revolver.

Anthracite Coal Miners.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SCRANTON, Pa., April 28.—The coal miners of Hyde Park, in this city, were to-night invited to join the movement for a general suspension of work by the thirty thousand miners in the anthracite coal fields.

Another Accident from Coal Oil.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—Mr. and Mrs. Brophy, and a girl named Johanna Roach, aged fourteen years, residing at No. 1,203 Alder street, were severely burned, Mrs. Brophy and the girl probably fatally, by the explosion of a can of coal oil, which the girl was pouring on a fire.

The Fifth Avenue Bank of Pittsburgh

Through the untiring exertions of an indefatigable and enterprising fellow citizen, Mr. R. A. Schnabel, nearly all the remainder of the capital stock of the above new bank was yesterday taken by a splendid class of subscribers. But a few more than three hundred shares yet remain untaken, and we again urge our readers who have capital to judiciously invest to take advantage of the opportunity presented for subscription. We made a slight mistake yesterday in stating that one tenth of the subscription would be requiren at the time of subscribing. The terms are ten dollars per share to be paid *when called in* by the Directors, and one dollar per week on each share, until all is paid up. The probabilities are that all the subscribed amount will not be called upon.

The books will remain open for subscription at the following times and places till the next meeting, which is called for next Tuesday night, at the room where session was held last night.

Thursday, April 29th, at Stokely's drug store, corner of Fifth avenue and Elm street.

Friday, April 30th, at Emil Poerstel's tobacco store, No. 231 Fifth avenue.

Saturday, May 1st, at McIntyre's drug store, corner of Pride street and Fifth avenue.

Monday, May 3d, at Frank Seibert's grocery, No. 296 Fifth avenue.

Tuesday, May 4th, at Alderman Morrow's, Fifth avenue, opposite Chatham street.

We wish to call particular attention to SEWARD & BENTLEY'S Constitution Bitters, advertised in our paper this week. Their Bitters are said to be the finest tonic and most agreeable stimulant for the weak and delicate, of any Bitters heretofore in use. They have been used in many localities with the most gratifying results, and are highly recommended by Physicians for the preventive of Fevers, Fever and Ague, and all malarious diseases. They create a healthy appetite, and strengthen the whole system. We are glad to have them introduced in this section, and hope they will take the place of all the poisonous compounds heretofore palmed off on the invalid as Bitters. From what we have heard said of them by those who ought to know, we are satisfied that a fair trial will convince all that they are as represented—a superior medical preparation. They are sold by all Druggists.

One of the features of Appletons' Journal is a series of beautifully executed steel engravings, from paintings by our leading artists. The second of the series, called "The River Road," from a painting by Bellows, accompanies the sixth number. The execution of the engraving is of the finest, and the subject a delicious landscape with far-off mountains, a summer lake, and shady groves. Other pictures by Casilear, Durand, Church, James Hart, Darley, and others, are to follow. It is designed to present the purchasers of the *Journal* with one of these steel plates every third or fourth number, between which times the illustrated features of the *Journal* will be pictorial supplements and large cartoons. Victor Hugo's romance, and a well-made-up series of stories and illustrated articles, complete the literary contents of the *Journal*.

Deliciously Medicinal.—This is the universal verdict pronounced upon PLANTATION BITTERS by all who have tried them. The well-known health-promoting ingredients from which they are made, and their invaluable merits as a remedy for indigestion and all its consequent ailments, and the preventive qualities against diseases arising from climatic changes, miasmatic influences and imperfect secretions, are so widely known and so honorably endorsed, that we trust no one will forego the advantages of their use.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Special Sale of Elegant Furniture, New Carpets and Household Goods.

On To-day (Thursday) at Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, 55 and 57 Fifth avenue, will be sold an unusually large and fine assortment of new and second-hand furniture, carpets and household goods. For particulars see advertisement of H. B. Smithson & Co.

Great Auction Sale Adjourned, till Saturday at 9½ A. M., of Macrum & Carlisle's stock, at 29 Fifth avenue, at which time we will commence a closing out sale of what stock remains. This sale will continue for only four days, by which time the stock must be sold. Every article put up will be sold regardless of cost. Great bargains may be had. H. B. Smithson & Co.

The great auction sale of fine lace goods, embroideries, trimmings, and notions generally, still attracts hundreds of bargain seekers at W. W. Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists.

TTHS:T.

MARRIED.

BLACK—HAMOR—April 20th, 1869, in the M. E. Church, Freeport, Pa., by Rev. E. B. Griffin, pastor, Mr. WILLIAM BLACK, of Tarentum, Pa., to Miss MARY E. HAMOR, only daughter of A. N. HAMOR, Esq., of Freeport.

The marriage ceremony was witnessed by a large number of the friends and citizens, and a plentiful and pleasant repast was afterwards given at the house of the bride's parents.

During the evening the company were conducted into an adjoining house, all neatly and tastefully furnished throughout, fitted up and presented by the generous father as a marriage gift to his happy children.

May the sky of their bliss be ever cloudless and serene.

BLEAKNEY—LOWRY—On the 26th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. W. L. Reid, WILL C. BLEAKNEY, of St. Louis, and Lide S. Lowry, daughter of Hon. Jas. Lowry, Jr., of Pittsburgh.

[St. Louis Republican and Democrat please copy.]

DIED.

PHELPS—On Wednesday morning, April 28, MATTIE S., only daughter of Thos. H. and Maggie E. Phelps, aged 4 months.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her grand parents, 163 Third Avenue, on THURSDAY, April 29th, at 3 o'clock P. M.

COOPER—On Wednesday morning, MAY BALL, infant daughter of James M. and Annie C. Cooper, aged nine weeks and three days.

Funeral will take place at 2½ o'clock P. M., THURSDAY, from No. 47 Stockton avenue, Allegheny City.

MCCANDLESS In Philadelphia, at noon Tuesday, EMMA, eldest daughter of James and Eliza McCandless.

Services at Dr. Clark's Church, corner of Stockton avenue and Sandusky street Allegheny, THURSDAY at 10 o'clock A. M. Funeral to proceed to Mount Union Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

NEELY—On Monday evening, April 26th, at seven o'clock, ALEXANDER NEELY, JR.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on THURSDAY, 29th, at two o'clock P. M., from the residence of his father, in Ross township.

ROBERTSON—On Wednesday afternoon, the 28th inst., LUELLA KATE, daughter of Stewart and Catharine Robertson, aged 7 years.

Leela thou wast mild and lovely,
Gentle as the summer breeze;
Pleasant as the air of evening
When it floats among the trees.
Dearest Leela, thou hast left us,
Here thy loss we deeply feel;
But 'tis God that hath bereft us,
He can all our sorrows heal.

Funeral from the residence of the parents, 83 West street, Allegheny, FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBT. T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $5 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crapes and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals at $4

NEW STYLES
JEWELRY,

Consisting of a fine line of Pins, Ear Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Spiral Studs, Finger Rings, Charms, &c., in Estruscan, Moss Agate, Byzantine, Topaz, Pearl, Garnet and many other styles, just received by

W. G. DUNSEATH,
56 FIFTH AVENUE,
OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS
IS NOW COMPLETE,
SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.
Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets.
mh9

MINERAL WATERS.
SARATOGA STAR WATER.
Saratoga "A" Water.
Congress Water.
Kissingen Water.
&c., &c., &c.,
FOR SALE BY
SIMON JOHNSTON,
Corner Fourth Avenue, and Smithfield Street.

AGENT FOR PETER SQUIRES' (London) GRANULAR EFFERVESCING PREPARATIONS. Chemicals and True Glycerine Soap. ap24

W. HESPENHEID & CO., No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at this house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET. mh6